



Satellite XT FTT Versions

Satellite XT 9602-0400 FTT
Satellite XT 9602-0405 FTT/R
Satellite XT 9602-0450 FTT/C
Including Options:
Extractive Module XT
Pyrolyzer Module XT

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This section provides basic understanding of the instrument and its operation.

1.1 Principle of Operation

The Satellite XT is a gas monitoring instrument especially designed for the continuous surveillance of hazardous gas concentrations. The instrument is designed to interface with LONWORKS[™] free topology systems. A free topology architecture allows the user to wire gas monitoring instruments and control devices with virtually no topology restrictions Power is supplied by a local 12 to 24 VDC power supply.

Target gas and measuring range depend on the type of sensor chosen. The sensor comes with the specific data in its internal data memory. When a sensor is inserted, these data are loaded into the instrument's internal memory.

Satellite XT versions FTT and FTT/R use electrochemical sensors for the surveillance of toxic and corrosive gases at TLV levels (TLV = Threshhold Limit Value). The sensor output signal is amplified electronically, digitised and the resulting concentration value is transmitted to the communication network.

The Satellite XT FTT/C is used for monitoring combustible gases and vapours. This instrument version uses catalytic sensors and is factory calibrated for the detection of methane in air mixtures with concentrations up to 5 %-vol. (100 % LEL Lower Explosion Limit). The sensor output signal is amplified electronically, digitised and the resulting concentration value is transmitted to the communication network. To allow the surveillance of a variety of other combustible gases, a correction factor called "K–Factor" can be entered.

The Satellite XT FTT/R includes the relay option and provides 3 single-pole single-throw relays for activation of external alarm devices. When the actual gas concentration exceeds the alarm levels, the instrument will activate the appropriate alarm relay and display an according message. A relay will also be activated in case of an instrument fault.

1.2 Operating States

There are four different operating states for the Satellite XT, Monitoring Mode, Maintenance Mode, Warning Condition, and Diagnostics. Depending on the selected operating state, the green status LED is either on, off, or flashing.

1.2.1 Monitoring Mode

The Monitoring Mode is the instrument's standard operating mode.

The green LED located above the <set> key is on.

In the Monitoring Mode, the instrument continuously monitors for hazardous gas concentrations and checks for alarm levels and instrument faults.

The instrument's self-diagnostics provide on-line preventive maintenance information identifying electronics or sensor problems. For example a sensor selftest is performed every 24†hours. The sensor selftest is not available with instruments using oxygen sensors or catalytic sensors.

1.2.1.1 Alarm Level Settings

The settings for Alarm Level 1 and Alarm Level 2 are automatically loaded when installing the sensor. Standard settings are 1x and 2x TLV or 20 and 40 % LEL for the target gas. The Alarm Setup function in the Configuration Menu allows the user to change the alarm levels as required.

Whenever the concentration of the target gas exceeds the factory or user programmed alarm levels, the instrument will document this concentration alarm condition on its LCD display and transmit an according message to the network

Instruments with relay option will additionally trigger the associated alarm relays.

1.2.1.2 Reset Alarms Function

Ex factory, Alarm 1 and Alarm 2 are preprogrammed "enabled" and "latching". In the event of a concentration alarm, the alarm indication with latching alarms will continue until the alarm is manually acknowledged by actuating the <set> key. If the password protection is enabled, the password must be entered (see Configuration Menu / Security Function).

Alarm Reset is not possible, if the alarm condition is still present.

1.2.1.3 Exiting the Monitoring Mode

Exiting the Monitoring Mode and entering the Maintenance Mode may be password protected. To prevent the instrument from manipulations by unauthorized personnel, it is recommended to enable this function (see Configuration Menu / Security Function).

- Password enabled:

Actuate the <esc> key to exit the Monitoring Mode and enter the password. The screen to enter the password is shown for one minute. During this period the Monitoring Mode remains active in the background. When the correct password has been entered, the instrument is in the Maintenance Mode, it is not monitoring, and the green LED is off.

- Password disabled:

Actuate the <esc> key to exit the Monitoring Mode. The instrument is now in the Maintenance Mode, the instrument is not monitoring, and the green LED is off.

1.2.2 Maintenance Mode

The Maintenance Mode indicates a complete absence of monitoring capability. The green status LED is off. A maintenance message is transmitted to the communication network.

Instruments with relay option additionally trigger the fault relay, depending on the configuration.

1.2.3 Warning Condition

A warning condition indicates that the instrument requires some attention, but is still able to monitor and operate as programmed.

The following will occur when the instrument detects a warning condition:

- the green status LED is flashing
- a warning message is transmitted to the communication network; depending on the configuration, this function can be enabled or disabled.
- depending on the configuration, the fault relay will be activated (only instruments with relay option)

1.2.3.1 Reset Warning Condition

Press the <set> key to acknowledge and reset a Warning Condition. Refer to Section 7, Troubleshooting for specific warnings.

1.2.4 Diagnostics

Instrument faults refer to a problem which prevents the Satellite XT from operating properly and interferes with the ability to monitor or document concentration alarms. When the instrument has detected an instrument fault, a fault message is transmitted to the communication network and the fault relay is activated (only instruments with relay option). The green status LED is off. The LCD display is flashing while indicating the specific fault message.

The Satellite XT lists specific instrument responses to instrument faults. For information on the various fault messages and instructions on how to correct a fault condition, please refer to section 7, Troubleshooting.

1.3 Menu structure

Besides the Monitoring Mode, there is also menu operation for the Satellite XT. Menu operation comprises three groups of functions, maintenance, calibration, and configuration. A password (if enabled) must be entered to exit the Monitoring Mode and to obtain access to the Main Menu.

1.3.1 Maintenance Menu

This function covers the realtime service procedures required for a regular maintenance of the instrument (e.g. sensor replacement).

1.3.2 Calibration Menu

Use the calibration function to dynamically calibrate the Satellite XT with a known concentration of the target gas or manually by entering a new correction K-Factor.

1.3.3 Configuration Menu

Use this function to configure the Satellite XT and to program instrument and monitoring parameters to suit individual requirements.

! Note:

If the instrument was in the Monitoring Mode when last powered down, it will automatically return to the Monitoring Mode when power is restored.

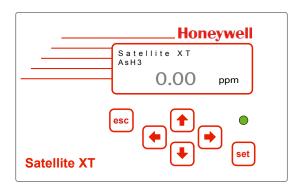
1.4 Operational Elements

Located at the front of the Satellite XT is

- the graphic display,
- the keypad consisting of six keys,
- the green status LED above the Set Key.

1.4.1 Keypad Functions

- o Escape Key <esc>
- o Set Key <set>
- o 4 Cursor Keys marked with an arrow, <up>, <down>, <left>, <right>.



In the Maintenance, Calibration, and Configuration Menu, these keys provide the following functions:

To move forwards and backwards in the menu, use the cursor keys <down> and <up>. Select a function by actuating the <set> key.

To enter text or figures, use the cursor keys <left> and <right> to reach the desired cursor position. Use the cursor keys <up> and <down> to select the letter, figure, or sign you wish to enter. Bring the cursor to the next position, select the next letter, figure, or sign. After entering the complete text, use the <set> key to confirm the changes. If you do not want to save the changes, abort by actuating the <esc> key.

1.4.2 Graphic Display

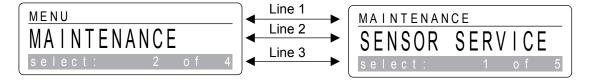
Depending on the operating mode the structure of the graphic display is different. Three basic versions are illustrated and explained below. A detailed description is given in the according sections.

Display Structure for Monitoring Mode



Line 1 offers the possibility to enter a user specific description, e.g. monitoring location (max. 13 spaces; the name of the instrument is entered here when delivered). Line 2 shows the name of the gas monitored. Line 3 indicates the actual gas concentration and the concentration unit. Gas name and concentration unit are data stored in the memory of the sensor installed.

Display Structure for Menu



Line 1 shows the actual position in the menu. In the left example the actual position is Main Menu, in the right example it is the submenu Maintenance. Line 2 shows one of the selection possibilities. Line 3 shows the number of the selection possibility presently displayed and indicates also the total of selection possibilities available in this menu.

! Note:

The number of selection possibilities is subject to the instrument version and may be different than indicated in this guide to operation.

1.5 Technical Specifications

Satellite XT Version	FTT	FTT/R	FTT/C	
Part Number	9602-0400	9602-0405	9602-0450	
Sensor Type used				
electrochemical	X	X		
catalytic	^	^	X	
Power Requirements			^	
voltage		8 VDC minimum w	hen using the	
consumption	Extractive Modu	max. 1.4 W	max. 0,9 W	
Network		,	111ax. 0,9 vv	
		Standardized LonTalk TM protocol		
data transmission		78 kBit per second		
wiring topologies	free, e.g. bus, st	ar, loop, or mixed		
Wiring				
Network				
4-wire cable 2x2x1.0mm ² , shielded / 17 AWG (Instrument delivered with 2m of cable attached)	×	X	X	
relay contacts				
6-wire cable 6x2x0.25mm ² , shielded / 23 AWG (Instrument delivered with 3m of cable attached)		Х		
Relay Outputs				
contacts 3 x SPST (Single-Pole Single-Throw)		Х		
max. ratings 250 VAC / 30 VDC, 2A				
Graphic Display	122 x 32 dots wi	122 x 32 dots with backlight		
Status Indication	LED green	LED green		
Keypad	6 touch-sensitive	6 touch-sensitive membrane function keys		
Physical Dimensions			,	
size (LxWxH)	145 x 95 x 50 m	145 x 95 x 50 mm		
	5.7 x 3.7 x 2.0 inches			
weight	480 g	650 g	520 g	
	17 oz	23 oz	18 oz	
Mounting	DIN-rail mountin	g		
Housing Protection Class		-		
RFI / EMC	EN 50270	<u>'</u>		
Operating Conditions				
temperature	-20 °C +40 °C	-20 °C +40 °C -4 °F +104 °F		
pressure		700 1300 hPa		
humidity	20 90 % r h	20 90 % r.h.		

This section explains installation and initial start-up procedures.

2.1 General Guidelines

Please consider the aspects indicated below before locating the instrument.

The property of the target gas (lighter or heavier than air) must be considered. The instrument should be mounted as close to the monitoring location as possible and should be easily accessible for operation and maintenance. For narrow monitoring locations or duct mounting a sensor extension with a standard length of 2m (6 feet) is available as an option.

The optimum position to mount the instrument is in an upright position on a flat surface. If the instrument is used for ambient air monitoring, ensure that the sensor is facing downwards. For personal monitoring applications the instrument should be mounted at head level.

Ensure that the area immediately surrounding the instrument is free from objects that might hinder free flow of air. The instrument should be installed away from any possible liquid sources, extreme dust and dirt sources and should be protected against rain and sunlight. An instrument version protection class IP 65 is available for outdoor applications.

A junction box is recommended to connect the instrument to external control systems. A distance of 2 m (6 feet) must not be exceeded.

Regarding the power requirements and operating conditions, please follow the specifications indicated in Section 1, Technical Specifications, for wiring instructions refer to Section 2, Wiring.

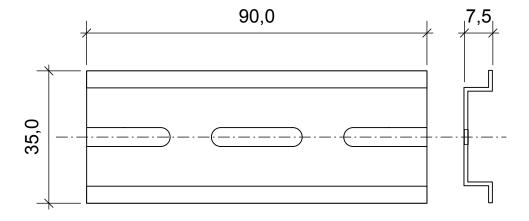
Sensors should be stored in a cool, dry place when not in use.

2.2 Standard Mounting

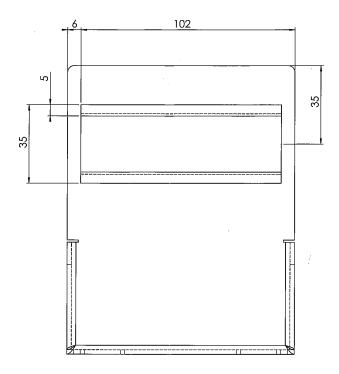
The instrument is designed for DIN–rail mounting. The mounting rail standard shipped with each instrument is used for wall mounting. Mount the DIN–rail to a wall and fasten the instrument with the sensor downwards and the display facing the front.

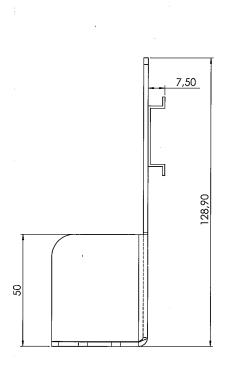
Attach the wires to the junction box according to the wiring diagram provided in the course of this section..

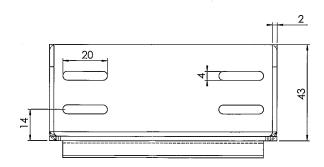
Mounting rail standard (P/N 9602.0050.10.03)



For applications where wall mounting is not possible, an L-shaped mounting plate with DIN–rail is available as an option.







L-shaped mounting plate with DIN-rail (P/N 9602.0051.10.02)

! Note:

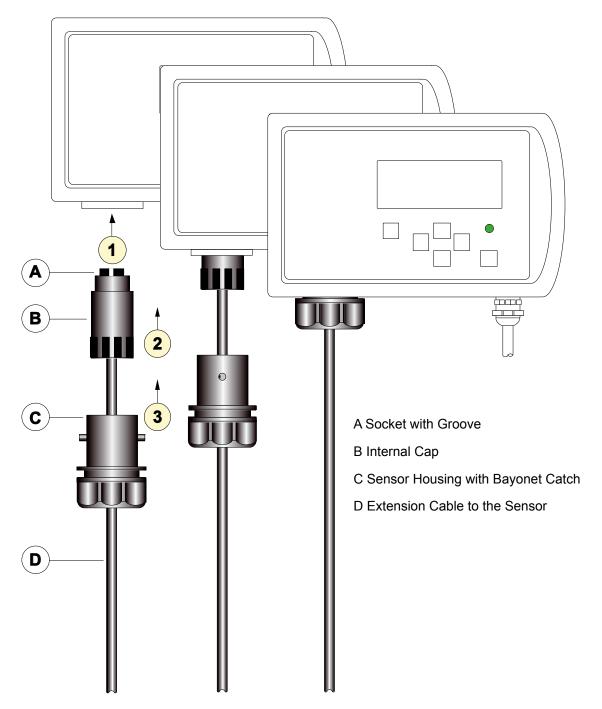
Do not apply power until system is ready for start-up!

2.3 Duct Mounting

Observe the guidelines for installation of the instrument. For assembly and installation of the sensor extension see the schematics below and overleaf.

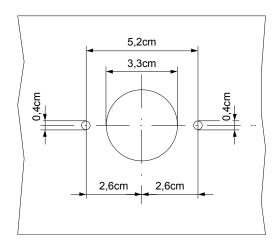
2.3.1 Connecting the Sensor Extension to the Instrument

- 1. Connect the Socket (A) to the plug in the sensor compartment located at the bottom of the Satellite XT. The groove of the Socket must face to the front.
- 2. Screw in the Internal Cap (B) and fasten it hand-tight.
- 3. Insert the Sensor Housing (C) with the nose of the Bayonet Catch facing to the front. Lock the Bayonet Catch with a quarter-turn right.

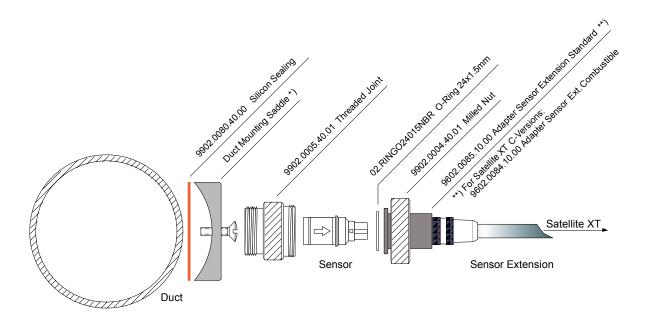


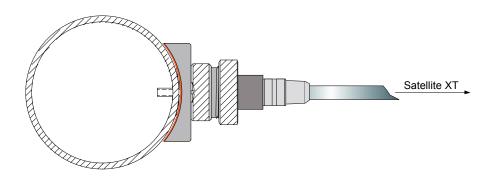
2.3.2 Mounting the Sensor Extension to the Duct

Duct



*) Duct Mounting Saddle Assembly various types available, see spare parts list, Section 8, Reference Information





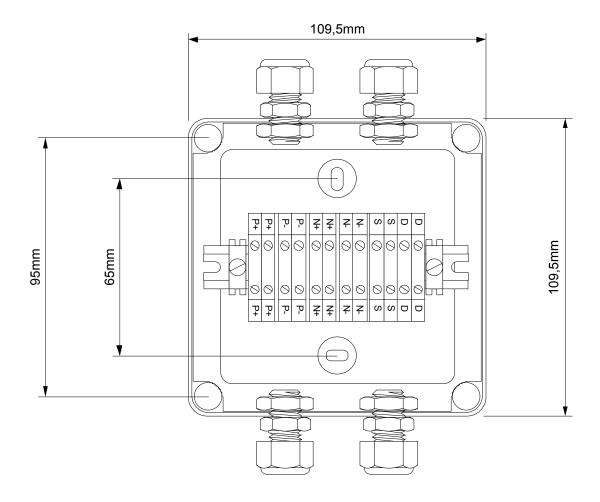
2.4 Network Wiring

For network wiring the 4-wire shielded cable extending from the bottom of the instrument is used. This cable has a length of 2 meters.

The 4-wire shielded cable is required to power the instrument and to interface with additional control devices. The open end of the cable should be terminated in a junction box.

To interface with additional control devices, a 4-wire shielded cable, $2x2x1.0 \ \text{mm}^2$ / 17 AWG, is required.

Junction Box Terminals		
N+	white	Network +
N-	brown	Network –
P+	green	Power +
P-	yellow	Power –
S	shield	cable shield



Junction Box 2 nodes, standard

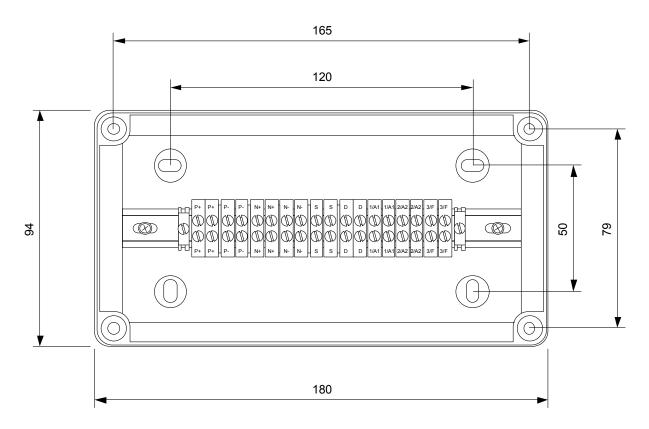
2.5 Relay Wiring

Instruments with relay option have an additional

6—wire shielded cable extending from the bottom of the instrument. This cable has a length of 3 meters and is also permanently attached to the instrument.

The 6-wire shielded cable is used for relay wiring and provides a pair of connections for each of the 3 internal relays for activation of visual or audible external alarm devices.

Relay Contacts			
1	white	Alarm 1 Relay	
1	brown	Alarm 1 Relay	
2	green	Alarm 2 Relay	
2	yellow	Alarm 2 Relay	
3	grey	Fault Relay	
3	pink	Fault Relay	
S	shield	cable shield	

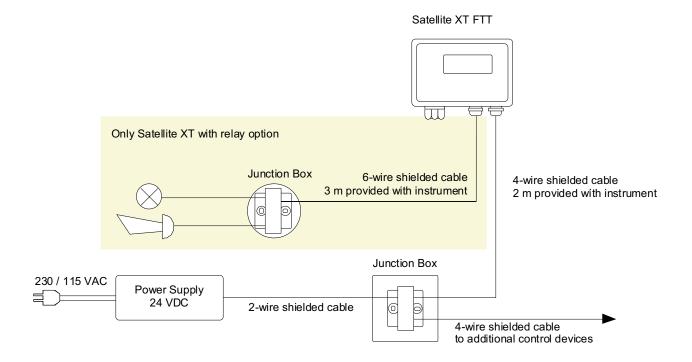


Junction Box 1 node, R-version for instruments with relay option.

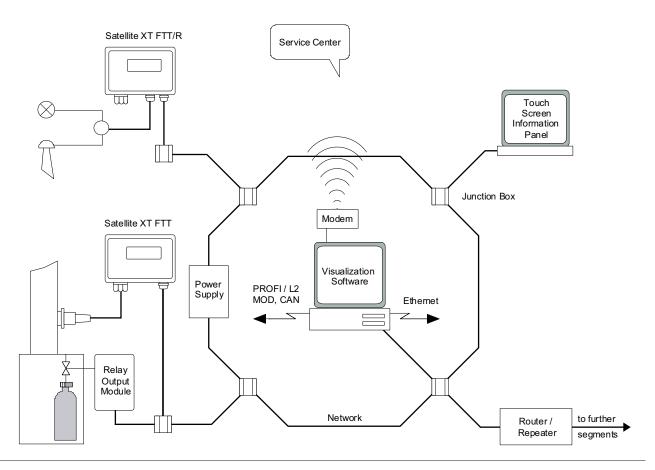
! Note:

All wiring for the Satellite XT and its related equipment must be in compliance with any local electrical and fire codes. The Satellite XT wiring must be kept away from any high power lines. All shielding for the wiring must be connected together and grounded at only one point in the system.

Installation and Start-Up - Section 2



Wiring Diagram Satellite XT FTT and FTT/R - Basic Configuration



Wiring Diagram Satellite XT - Typical Configuration

2.6 Initial Start-Up

When wiring is completed, a sensor must be assigned to each instrument. Every sensor is gas calibrated and these sensor specific calibration parameters are stored in its integrated data memory. Make sure to use only sensors designed for use with the Satellite XT.

Ex factory the instruments are shipped either unconfigured or already preconfigured according to the customer's specifications.

If the instruments are preconfigured, a certain sensor, which can be identified by its serial number printed on the packaging and the sensor label, is assigned and documented to one particular instrument. These data are stated in the test certificate provided with the shipment.

Switch on power supply. If no sensor is fitted, the display of the instrument shows the below message.



For applications without sensor extension open the bayonet catch of the sensor housing located at bottom of the instrument with a quarter-turn left and remove the sensor housing. For applications with sensor extension hold the plastic fitting at the duct side with two fingers and unscrew the metal fitting.

Take the assigned sensor out of the packaging. Remove shorting strap or wire link placed in the sensor plug before inserting it into the instrument. Not all sensors types require this strap or link.

Caution: Failure to remove the shorting strap or wire link may result in damage to the Satellite.

For applications without sensor extension insert the sensor into the instrument's sensor compartment with the arrow printed on the sensor label facing upwards and to the front. Fit sensor housing by fastening the bayonet catch with a quarter-turn right.

For applications with sensor extension insert the sensor into the socket inside the metal fitting, properly aligning notch, groove, and arrow printed on the sensor label.

A sensor warm-up is performed and the graphic display shows the according screen until the displayed value is zero. This does not apply for oxygen sensors.

The warm-up time required depends on the type of sensor installed. The instrument is in the Maintenance Mode and the green LED is off.





As soon as the displayed value reads zero, the instrument automatically switches to the Monitoring Mode. The graphic display shows the according screen, the green status LED is on, the instrument is monitoring.

! Note:

If the instrument does not perform as described above and a fault message is shown, please refer to Section 7, Troubleshooting.
Instruments with catalytic sensors:

Zero Adjustment must be performed prior to start—up. It is recommended to repeat Zero Adjustment every 4 to 6 weeks. For details refer to Section 5, Calibration.

Instruments with oxygen sensors:

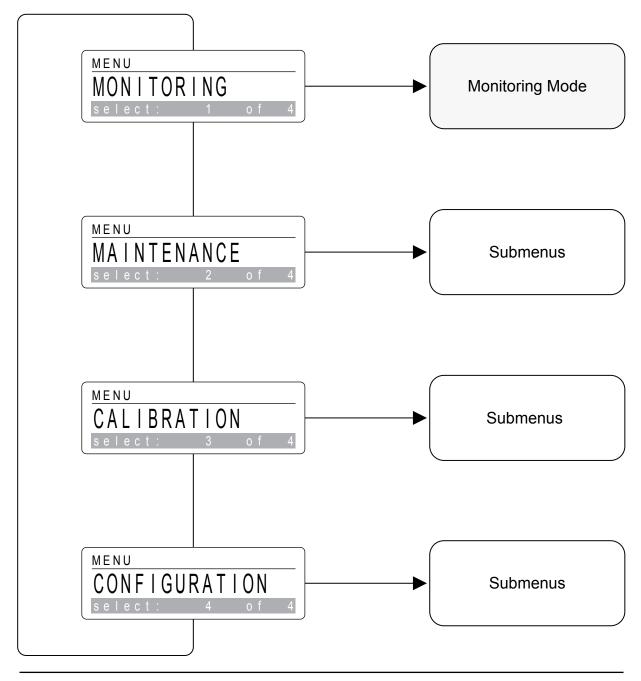
Span Adjustment must be performed prior to start-up. It is recommended to repeat Span Adjustment every 4 to 6 weeks. For details refer to Section 5, Calibration.

This section explains the different monitoring conditions and the submenus available under the Main Menu.

3.1 The Main Menu Screens

When the <esc> key is actuated, the instrument will leave the Monitoring Mode and go to the Main Menu. The instrument is now in the Maintenance Mode and the green LED is off. Actuate the cursor keys <up> or <down> to move forwards and backwards in the Main Menu. Actuate the <set> key to select a submenu. Actuate the <esc> key to go back to the Main Menu.

To return to the Monitoring Mode, go to the menu 'MONITORING' and actuate <set> to select. The display shows the monitoring screen again and the illuminated green LED indicates, that the instrument is in the Monitoring Mode.





Main Menu - Monitoring

The instrument is in the operating mode Maintenance and the green LED is off. Actuate the cursor keys <up> or <down> to move forwards and backwards in the Main Menu. Actuate the <set> key to enter the Monitoring Mode.



<Normal Condition>

This screen and the illuminated green LED indicate that the instrument is in the Monitoring Mode and is operating properly.



<Alarm 1 Condition>

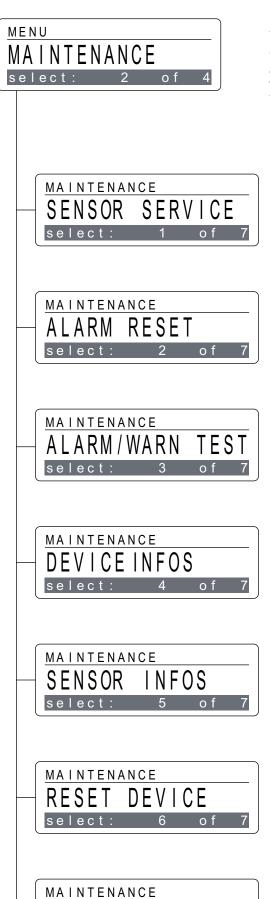
This screen shows that Alarm Level 1 has been exceeded and that there is an actual gas concentration of 0.07 ppm AsH3.

(f.i. Alarm 1 set at 0.05 ppm AsH3)



<Alarm 2 Condition>

This screen shows that Alarm Level 2 has been exceeded and that there is an actual gas concentration of 0.12 ppm AsH3. (f.i. Alarm 2 set at 0.10 ppm AsH3)



SERVICE

Main Menu - Maintenance

The instrument is in the Maintenance Mode and the green LED is off.

Actuate the cursor keys <up> or <down> to move forwards and backwards in the Main Menu.

To select a submenu, actuate the <set> key to enter.

Submenus - Maintenance

Sensor Service screen 1 of 7

Alarm Reset screen 2 of 7

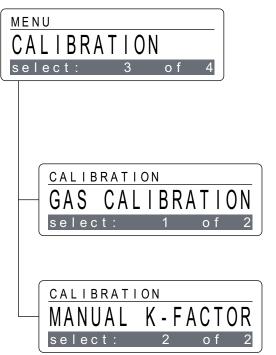
Alarm / Warn Test screen 3 of 7

Device Infos screen 4 of 7

Sensor Infos screen 5 of 7

Reset Device screen 6 of 7

Service screen 7 of 7



Main Menu - Calibration

The instrument is in the Maintenance Mode and the green LED is off.

Actuate the cursor keys <up> or <down> to move forwards and backwards in the Main Menu.

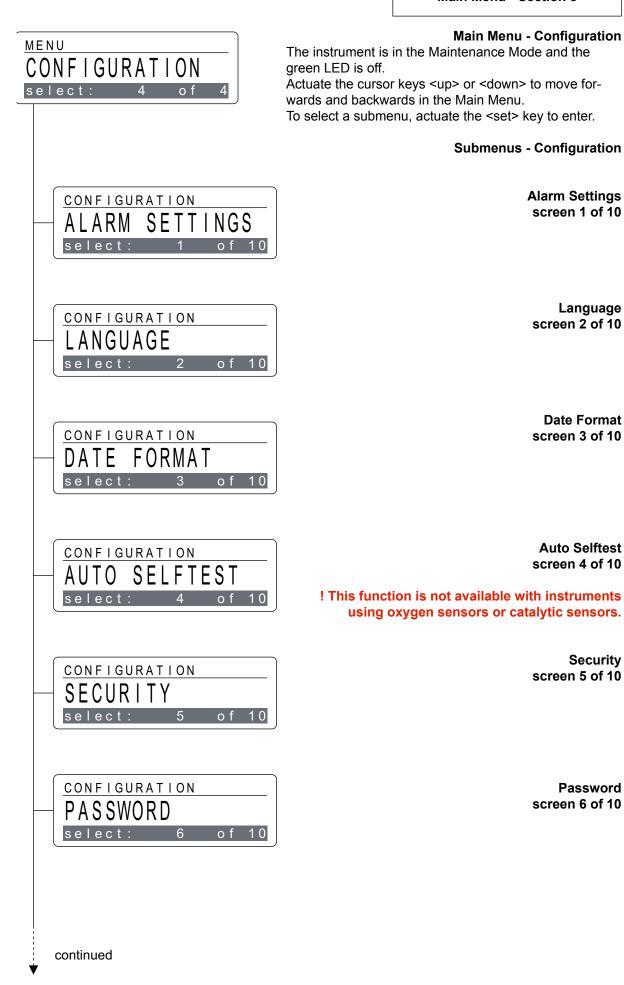
To select a submenu, actuate the <set> key to enter.

Submenus - Calibration

Gas Calibration screen 1 of 2

Manual K-Factor screen 2 of 2

Security



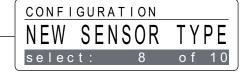
continued

Main Menu - Configuration

Submenus - Configuration



Location screen 7 of 10



New Sensor Type screen 8 of 10



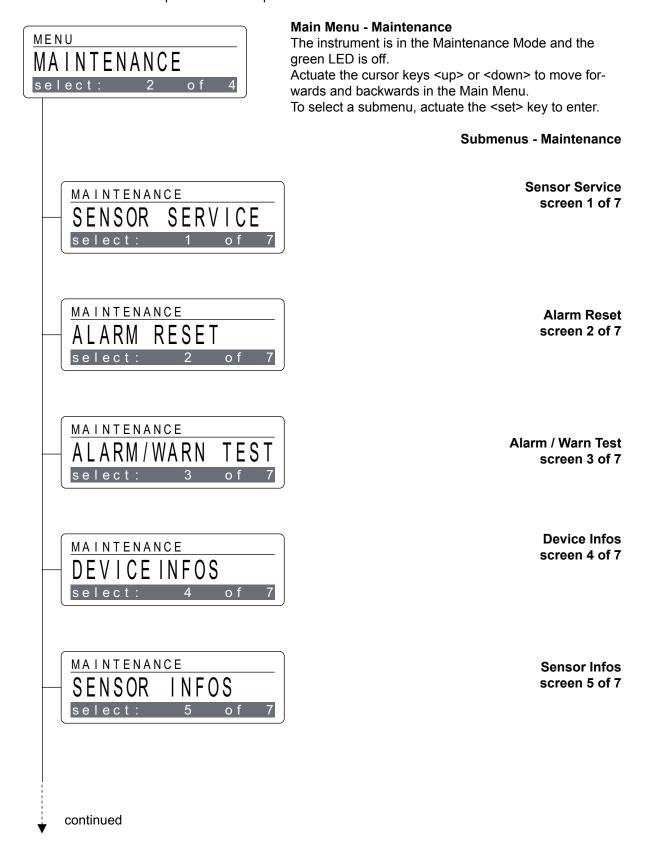
Gas Name screen 9 of 10



Relays screen 10 of 10

! This submenu is only available for instruments with relay option.

This section explains routine maintenance procedures including sensor replacement and specific information on sensor and instrument.



Maintenance - Section 4

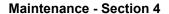
MAINTENANCE
RESET DEVICE
select: 6 of 7

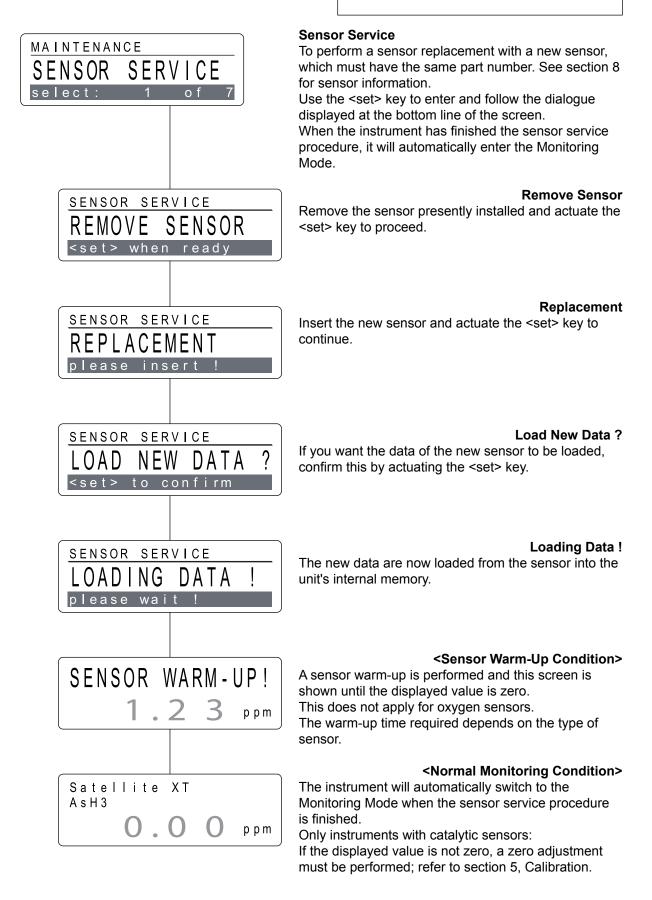
Main Menu - Maintenance

Submenus - Maintenance

Reset Device screen 6 of 7

Service screen 7 of 7

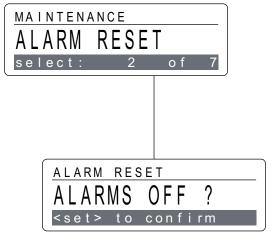




!Note:

When a new sensor is installed the K-factor will automatically revert to the default value 1.00. If individual settings are required, they must be entered again; refer to section 5, Calibration. Catalytic sensors are calibrated for methane. When monitoring for other combustible gases, a K-factor must be entered.

Maintenance - Section 4



Alarm Reset

Alarm Reset allows the user to reset the alarm indication of latched alarms. An according message is sent to external alarm devices.

Use the <set> key to enter and follow the dialogue displayed at the bottom of the screen. Actuate the <esc> key to exit.

Alarms Off?

Actuate the <set> key to cofirm the reset of alarm indication with latching alarm.

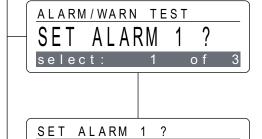
For non-latching alarms, alarm indication will be reset automatically.



Alarm/Warn Test

Used to verify the alarm function of any associated external device by simulating an Alarm 1, Alarm 2, and warning condition.

Use the <set> key to select or use the cursor keys <up> and <down> to continue in the menu.



Set Alarm 1?

Allows the user to simulate an Alarm 1 condition. Actuate the <set> key to enter.

Alarm 1 set!

An Alarm 1 message is transmitted to the network. Instruments with relay option: the according relay is activated. Use the <esc> key to exit.



ALARM/WARN TEST

Set Alarm 2 ?

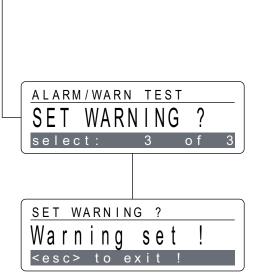
Allows the user to simulate an Alarm 2 condition. Actuate the <set> key to enter.



Alarm 2 set!

An Alarm 2 message is transmitted to the network. Instruments with relay option: the according relay is activated. Use the <esc> key to exit.

Alarm/Warn Test



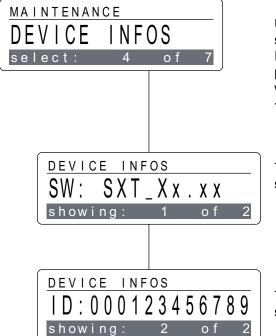
continued

Set Warning?

Allows the user to simulate a warning condition. Actuate the <set> key to enter.

Warning set!

A warning message is transmitted to the network. Instruments with relay option: the according relay is activated. Use the <esc> key to exit.



Device Infos

Used to obtain instrument specific information, i.e. software version and ID number.

In general these informations are required for service purposes. Actuate the <set> key to select and move with the cursor keys <up> and <down>. Actuate the <esc> key to exit.

<Actual Software Version>

The version of the software presently installed is shown.

<Specific Identification Number>

The instrument's specific ID identification number is shown.

Maintenance - Section 4

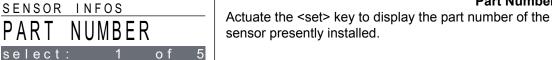


PART

Sensor Infos

Provides specific information about the sensor presently installed, i.e. part number, serial number, date of first calibration, sensitivity, and revision number. These data are stored in the sensor's memory. Actuate the <set> key to select or use the cursor keys <up> and <down> to continue in the menu.

Part Number



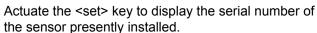


<Actual Sensor Part Number>

Use this information to order replacement sensors. Additional order information is provided in Section 8, Sensor Order Information.

Actuate <esc> to leave.







NUMBER

SENSOR INFOS

select:

<Actual Sensor Serial Number>

This information may be required for service purposes. Actuate the <esc> key to leave.



continued

First Calibration

Use the <set> key to display the date when the installed sensor was calibrated for the first time.

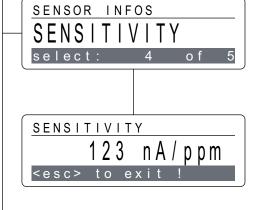
<Date of First Calibration>

This information may be required for service purposes and to check the age of the sensor.

Actuate <esc> to leave.

Sensor Infos



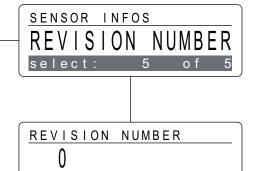


Sensitivity

Use the <set> key to display the sensor sensitivity determined during the first calibration.

<Actual Sensitivity>

This information may be required for service purposes. Actuate the <esc> key to leave.



<esc> to exit!

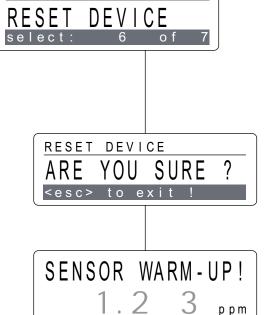
Revision Number

Use the <set> key to display the revision number of the gas related information stored in the sensor's memory.

<Actual Revision Number>

This information may be required for service purposes. Actuate the <esc> key to leave.

Maintenance - Section 4



Satellite XT

ppm

A s H 3

<u>MAIN</u>TENANCE

Reset Device

Offers the possibility to perform a "warm start" of the instrument. Actuate the <set> key to select.

Are You Sure?

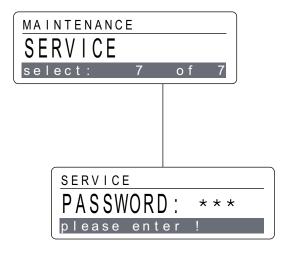
This screen is to confirm that a software reset should be performed. Actuate the <set> key to confirm or use the <esc> key to exit.

<Sensor Warm-Up Condition>

A sensor warm-up is performed and this screen is shown until the displayed value is zero, except for Oxygen sensors. The warm-up time depends on the type of sensor.

<Normal Monitoring Condition>

The instrument will automatically switch to the Monitoring Mode when the sensor service procedure is finished.



Service

This submenu is used exclusively by trained Service Personnel. The functions are password protected.

This section describes calibration procedures for the Satellite XT.

Calibration can be performed either automatically by a dynamic gas calibration or manually by entering a calculated correction factor called K-factor.

Main Menu - Calibration

The instrument is in the Maintenance Mode and the green LED is off.

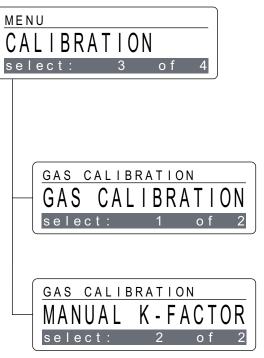
Actuate the cursor keys <up> or <down> to move forwards and backwards in the Main Menu.

To select a submenu, actuate the <set> key to enter.

Submenus - Calibration

Gas Calibration screen 1 of 2

Manual K-Factor screen 2 of 2



!Note:

If a high degree of accuracy in monitoring is required, monthly calibration with calibration gas of a known concentration is recommended.

When performing a dynamic calibration, a new correction factor (K-Factor) is calculated automatically. The actual value can be displayed in the submenu Manual K-Factor.

Use appropriate safety precautions when handling toxic or corrosive gases and properly vent, if possible.

Instruments with CATALYTIC sensors:

Zero Adjustment must be performed prior to start-up.

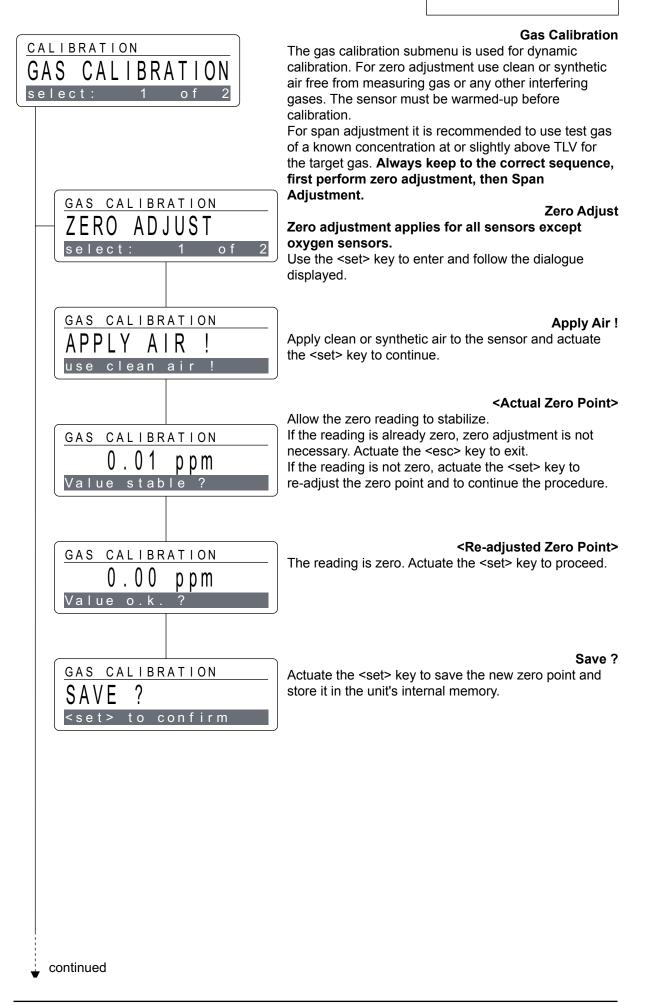
It is recommended to repeat Zero Adjustment every 4 to 6 weeks.

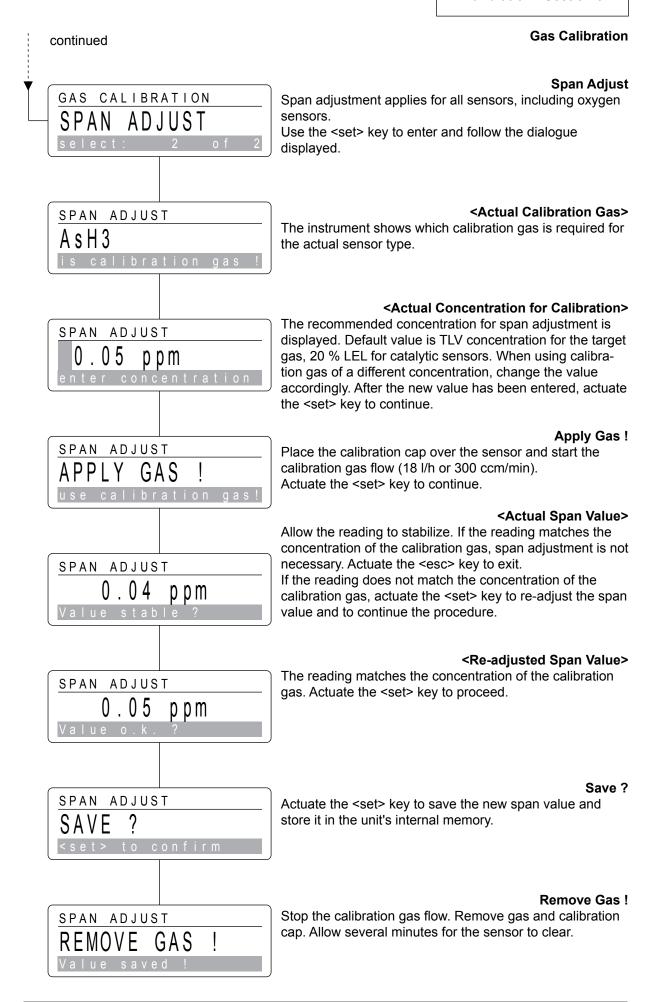
Catalytic sensors must be protected from silicone vapours, which may permanently reduce the sensor's sensitivity.

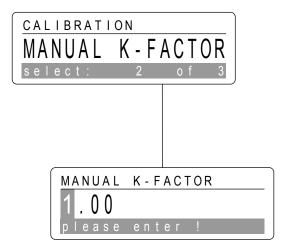
Instruments with OXYGEN sensors:

Span Adjustment must be performed prior to start-up.

It is recommended to repeat Span Adjustment every 4 to 6 weeks.







Manual K-Factor

This submenu is used to manually calibrate the instrument by entering a new K-Factor. This factor is a multiplication or correction value used to calibrate the response of the instrument to a specific gas concentration.

The factory default K-Factor for all gases is 1.00. Use the <set> key to enter. The instrument will display the actual K-Factor.

<Actual K-Factor>

Use the cursor keys <left> or <right> to reach the desired position. Use the cursor keys <up> and <down> to select the figures you wish to enter. The K-Factor must be in the range of 0.20 and 5.00. After a new value has been entered, actuate the <set> key to confirm or <esc> to exit.

!Note:

Individual settings for the Manual K-Factor will automatically revert to the default value 1.00, whenever the sensor is replaced by a new sensor.

Only instruments using catalytic sensors:

Catalytic sensors are calibrated for methane. When monitoring for other combustible gases, a K-factor must be entered.

This section describes the instrument's default configuration and procedures how to adapt it to individual requirements.

Main Menu - Configuration

The instrument is in the Maintenance Mode and the green LED is off.

Actuate the cursor keys <up> or <down> to move forwards and backwards in the Main Menu.

To select a submenu, actuate the <set> key to enter.

Submenus - Configuration



MENU

select:

CONFIGURATION

Alarm Settings screen 1 of 10



Language screen 2 of 10



Date Format screen 3 of 10



Auto Selftest screen 4 of 10

! This function is not available with instruments using oxygen sensors or catalytic sensors.



Security screen 5 of 10

continued

Configuration - Section 6

Main Menu - Configuration

Submenus - Configuration

Password screen 6 of 10

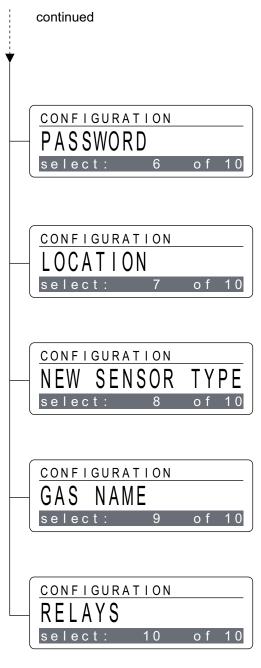
Location screen 7 of 10

New Sensor Type screen 8 of 10

Gas Name screen 9 of 10

Relays screen 10 of 10

! This submenu is only available for instruments with relay option.





Alarm Settings

Allows the user to enter or change various settings for Alarm 1 and Alarm 2 activation.

Use the <set> key to enter.

Alarm 1



For Alarm 1 settings, use the <set> key to enter or continue in the menu with the cursor keys <up> or <down>.

Alarm 2



For Alarm 2 settings, use the <set> key to enter or continue in the menu with the cursor keys <up> or <down>.



Alarm 1

Allows the user to configure all parameters for Alarm 1 (lower alarm level) activation.



Alarm 1 State

Used to enable / disable the Alarm 1 activation.



Alarm 1 Level

Used to set individual alarm levels for Alarm 1 activation.



Alarm 1 Trigger

Used to define the trigger condition for Alarm 1 activation.



Alarm 1 Latch

Used to define the Alarm 1 activation to be latching or non-latching.



Alarm 1 State

Used to enable / disable the Alarm 1 activation. Default setting is enabled. Use the <set> key to enter. The instrument will show the actual setting.

Disabled



Allows the user to turn off the Alarm 1 activation. Actuate the cursor keys <up> or <down> to change. Actuate the <set> key to confirm or <esc> to exit.

Enabled



Allows the user to turn on the Alarm 1 activation. Actuate the cursor keys <up> or <down> to change. Actuate the <set> key to confirm or <esc> to exit.

Alarm 1 Level



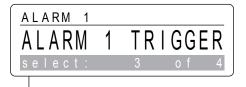
Used to set individual alarm levels for Alarm 1 activation. Default setting is 1 x TLV respectively 20 % LEL for the target gas.

Actuate the <set> key to enter and show the actual setting.

ALARM 1 LEVEL 0.05 ppm please enter!

<Actual Alarm 1 Level>

To change the value, use the cursor keys <left> or <right> to reach the desired position. Use the cursor keys <up> and <down> to select the figures you wish to enter. After the new value has been entered, actuate the <set> key to confirm or <esc> to exit.



Alarm 1 Trigger

Used to define the trigger condition for Alarm 1 activation. Default setting is Greater Than. Use the <set> key to enter. The instrument will show the actual setting.



Greater Than

Defines that an Alarm 1 condition will be indicated when the actual gas concentration exceeds the preset level for Alarm 1.

Actuate the cursor keys <up> or <down> to change. Actuate the <set> key to confirm or <esc> to exit.



Less Than

Defines that an Alarm 1 condition will be indicated when the actual gas concentration falls below the preset level for Alarm 1.

Actuate the cursor keys <up> or <down> to change. Actuate the <set> key to confirm or <esc> to exit..



Alarm 1 Latch

Used to define the Alarm 1 activation to be either latching or non-latching.

Default setting is enabled. Use the <set> key to enter. The instrument will show the actual setting.

When latching is enabled, alarm reset must be done manually. Nonlatching alarms will be reset automatically, upon correction of the alarm condition.



Disabled

Defines the Alarm 1 activation to be non-latching. Actuate the cursor keys <up> or <down> to change. Actuate the <set> key to confirm or <esc> to exit.



Enabled

Defines the Alarm 1 activation to be latching. Actuate the cursor keys <up> or <down> to change. Actuate the <set> key to confirm or <esc> to exit.



Alarm 2

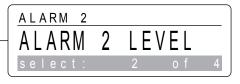
Allows the user to configure all parameters for Alarm 2 (upper alarm level) activation.

For all subsequent Alarm 2 settings, please follow the procedures described in the corresponding section for Alarm 1 settings.



Alarm 2 State

Used to enable / disable the Alarm 2 activation.



Alarm 2 Level

Used to set individual alarm levels for Alarm 2 activation.



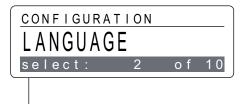
Alarm 2 Trigger

Used to define the trigger condition for Alarm 2 activation.



Alarm 2 Latch

Used to define the Alarm 2 activation to be latching or non-latching.



Language

Used to select the desired language for menu operation. Default setting is English.
Use the <set> key to enter. The instrument will display the actual language.



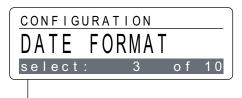
German

Actuate the cursor keys <up> or <down> to change. Actuate the <set> key to confirm or <esc> to exit.



English

Actuate the cursor keys <up> or <down> to change. Actuate the <set> key to confirm or <esc> to exit.



Date Format

Used to define the format how to display the date (only used in the submenu Sensor Infos, Date of First Calibration). Default setting is International. Use the <set> key to enter. The actual date format is displayed.



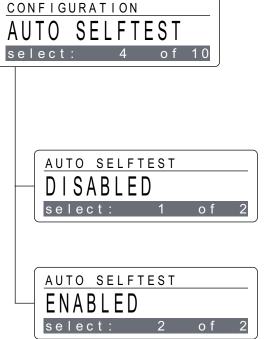
International

International date format is DD.MM.YYYY
Actuate the cursor keys <up> or <down> to change.
Actuate the <set> key to confirm or <esc> to exit.



USA

USA date format is MM-DD-YYYY
Actuate the cursor keys <up> or <down> to change.
Actuate the <set> key to confirm or <esc> to exit.



Auto Selftest

The instrument's self-diagnostics provides an on-line preventive sensor selftest performed automatically every 24 hours, which may be enabled or disabled. Default setting is enabled. The Auto Selftest function is not applicable for Oxygen sensors. Use the <set> key to enter. The display will show the actual setting.

! The function Auto Selftest is not available with instruments using oxygen sensors or catalytic sensors.

Disabled

Allows the user to turn off the Auto Selftest.

Actuate the cursor keys <up> or <down> to change.

Actuate the <set> key to confirm or <esc> to exit.

Enabled

Allows the user to turn on the Auto Selftest.
Actuate the cursor keys <up> or <down> to change.
Actuate the <set> key to confirm or <esc> to exit.



Security

Exiting the Monitoring Mode and entering the Maintenance Mode, may be password protected, to prevent the instrument from manipulations by unauthorized personnel. Ex factory the password protection is disabled.

Use the <set> key to enter. The instruments shows the actual setting.



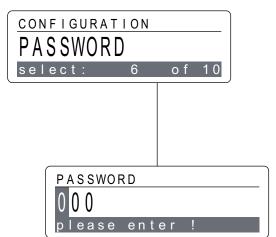
Password On

Allows the user to enable the password protection. Actuate the cursor keys <up> or <down> to change. Actuate the <set> key to confirm or <esc> to exit.



Password Off

Allows the user to disable the password protection. Actuate the cursor keys <up> or <down> to change. Actuate the <set> key to confirm or <esc> to exit...



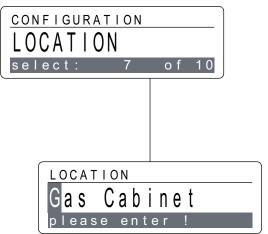
Password

Allows the user to enter or change the password. Ex factory the password is <000>.

Use the <set> key to enter. The instrument will display the actual password.

<Actual Password>

To change the password, use the cursor keys <left> or <right> to reach the desired position. Use the cursor keys <up> and <down> to select the figures you wish to enter. After the new password has been entered, actuate the<set> key to confirm or <esc> to exit.

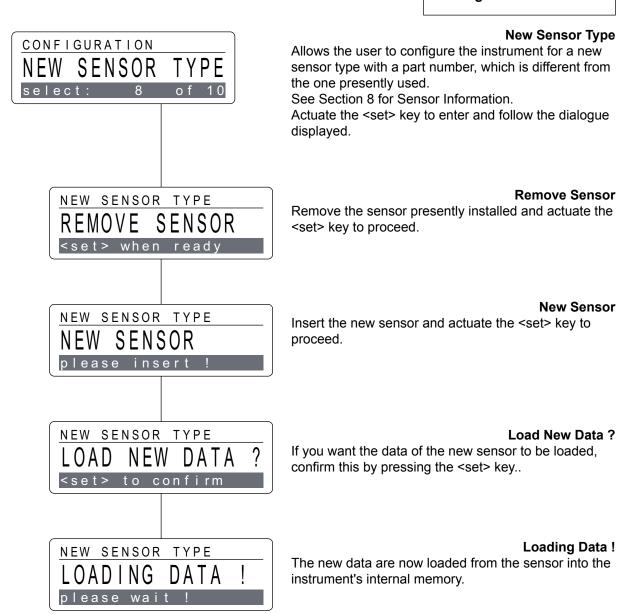


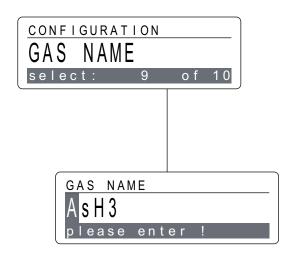
Location

Allows the user to enter a desciption defining the monitoring point. Ex factory it reads <Satellite XT>. Up to 13 alphanumeric characters can be entered. Use the <set> key to enter. The instrument will display the actual location..

<Actual Location>

Use the cursor keys <left> or <right> to reach the desired position. Use the cursor keys <up> and <down> to select the characters you wish to enter. When the new location has been entered completely, actuate the <set> key to confirm or <esc> to exit.



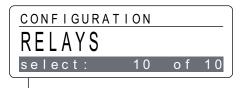


Gas Name

Allows the user to enter a different gas name than the one stored in the sensor's data memory. Up to 7 alpha-numeric characters can be entered. Use the <set> key to enter. The instrument will display the actual gas name.

<Actual Gas Name>

Use the cursor keys <left> or <right> to reach the desired position. Use the cursor keys <up> and <down> to select the characters you wish to enter. When the new gas name has been entered completely, actuate the <set> key to confirm or <esc> to exit.



Relays

Allows the user to enter or change various settings for the internal relay contacts for Alarm 1, Alarm 2, and Fault. Use the <set> key to enter.

!The RELAYS menu and all subsequent menu items are only available for instruments with relay option.



Relay State

Used to individually define the relays to be either deenergized (normally open contact) or energized (normally closed contact).

Use the <set> key to enter or continue in the menu with the cursor keys <up> or <down>.



Alarm Delay

Used to set a delay for the relay activation in case of concentration alarms.

Use the <set> key to enter or continue in the menu with the cursor keys <up> or <down>.

Fault Trigger

Used to define the trigger conditions for activation of the Fault Relay.

Use the <set> key to enter or continue in the menu with the cursor keys <up> or <down>.

FAULT TRIGGER
select: 3 of 3



Relay State

Used to individually define the Alarm 1, Alarm 2, and Fault Relay to be either deenergized (normally open contact) or energized (normally closed contact). Ex factory the relays are deenergized (normally open contacts).

Use the <set> key to enter.



Alarm 1 Relay

Allows to set the Alarm 1 Relay state.



Alarm 2 Relay

Allows to set the Alarm 2 Relay state.



Fault Relay

Allows to set the Fault Relay state.



Alarm 1 Relay

Allows the user to set the Alarm 1 Relay state.

Use the <set> key to enter.

The instrument will show the actual setting.



Deenergized / NO

Defines the Alarm 1 Relay to be deenergized (normally open contact).

Actuate the cursor keys <up> or <down> to change. Actuate the <set> key to confirm or <esc> to exit.

Energized / NC





Defines the Alarm 1 Relay to be energized (normally closed

contact).

Actuate the cursor keys <up> or <down> to change. Actuate the <set> key to confirm or <esc> to exit.



Allows to set the Fault Relay state.

Fault Relay



Alarm 1 Relay

Allows the user to set the Alarm 1 Relay state.

Use the <set> key to enter.

The instrument will show the actual setting.



Deenergized / NO

Defines the Alarm 1 Relay to be deenergized (normally open contact).

Actuate the cursor keys <up> or <down> to change. Actuate the <set> key to confirm or <esc> to exit.



Energized / NC

Defines the Alarm 1 Relay to be energized (normally closed contact).

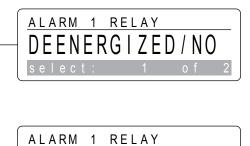
Actuate the cursor keys <up> or <down> to change. Actuate the <set> key to confirm or <esc> to exit.

Alarm 2 Relay

Allows the user to set the Alarm 2 Relay state.

Use the <set> key to enter.

The instrument will show the actual setting.



ENERGIZED/NC

Deenergized / NO

Defines the Alarm 2 Relay to be deenergized (normally open contact).

Actuate the cursor keys <up> or <down> to change. Actuate the <set> key to confirm or <esc> to exit..



Alarm 2 Relay

Allows the user to set the Alarm 2 Relay state.

Use the <set> key to enter.

The instrument will show the actual setting.



Deenergized / NO

Defines the Alarm 2 Relay to be deenergized (normally open contact).

Actuate the cursor keys <up> or <down> to change. Actuate the <set> key to confirm or <esc> to exit..

ENERGIZED/NC

Energized / NC

Defines the Alarm 2 Relay to be energized (normally closed contact).

Actuate the cursor keys <up> or <down> to change. Actuate the <set> key to confirm or <esc> to exit.



Fault Relay

Allows the user to set the Fault Relay state. Use the <set> key to enter.

The instrument will show the actual setting.



Deenergized / NO

Defines the Fault Relay to be deenergized (normally open contact).

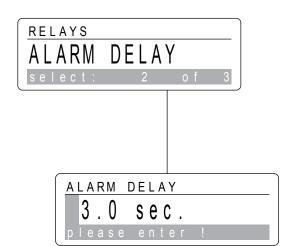
Actuate the cursor keys <up> or <down> to change. Actuate the <set> key to confirm or <esc> to exit.



Energized / NC

Defines the Fault Relay to be energized (normally closed contact).

Actuate the cursor keys <up> or <down> to change. Actuate the <set> key to confirm or <esc> to exit.



Alarm Delay

Used to define an alarm delay for concentration alarms. Minimum value is 0, maximum setting is 99.9 seconds. Default setting is 3.0 seconds.

Actuate the <set> key to enter and show the actual setting.

<Actual Alarm Delay>

To change the value, use the cursor keys <left> or <right> to reach the desired position.

Use the cursor keys <up> and <down> to select the figures you wish to enter.

After the new value has been entered, actuate the <set> key to confirm or <esc> to exit.



Fault Trigger

Allows the user to define, which fault conditions will activate the Fault Relay.

Ex factory the setting is Fault Only.

Use the <set> key to enter.

The instrument will show the actual setting..



Fault Only

Used to configure the Fault Relay to be activated in case of a fault condition only.

Actuate the cursor keys <up> or <down> to change. Actuate the <set> key to confirm or <esc> to exit.



Fault + Warning

Used to configure the Fault Relay to be activated in case of a fault or warning condition only.

Actuate the cursor keys <up> or <down> to change.

Actuate the <set> key to confirm or <esc> to exit.



Fault + Maintenance

Used to configure the Fault Relay to be activated in case of a fault or maintenance condition only. Actuate the cursor keys <up> or <down> to change.

Actuate the <set> key to confirm or <esc> to exit.

FAULT TRIGGER

ΑII

Used to configure the Fault Relay to be activated in case of a fault, warning, or maintenance condition. Actuate the cursor keys <up> or <down> to change. Actuate the <set> key to confirm or <esc> to exit.

This section will help to determine the source of a fault orwarning condition and will provide a corrective action.

7.1 Warning and Fault Messages

Warning and Fault are two different kinds of messages, which require different attention.

For any message not explained in this section or any other assistance required, please do not hesitate to contact our service department.

7.1.1 Warnings

A warning condition indicates that the instrument requires some attention, but the instrument is still able to monitor and operate as programmed.

The following will occur when the instrument detects a warning condition:

- the green status LED is flashing
- a warning message is sent to the communication network
- the fault relay is activated, relays and their appropriate configuration provided.

Actuate the <set> key to acknowledge and reset a Warning Condition.

LOW ZERO! AsH3

Low Zero!

This message indicates that the zero point of the sensor is out of the optimum range.

To correct this problem, check the zero adjustment and recalibrate, if necessary.

CHECK SENSOR!
AsH3

O.OO ppm

Check Sensor!

This message indicates that the sensor sensitivity does not comply with the specifications. The sensor must soon be replaced.

Whilst most sensors will work for another 2-6 weeks, there are circumstances that may cause an earlier failure of the sensor cell. Honeywell therefore suggests that customers with more critical needs carry out the replacement of the sensor cell within 3 days (72 hours) of receiving the "check sensor" message.

To receive this message, the function Auto Selftest must be configured enabled; refer to Section 6, Configuration.

! This function is not available for instruments with oxygen sensor or catalytic sensor.

7.1.2 Faults

Instrument faults refer to a problem which prevents the instrument from operating properly and interferes with the ability to monitor or document concentration alarms.

When the instrument has detected an instrument fault, a fault message for each different fault condition is sent to the communication network. The green status LED is off and the fault relay is activated. The LCD display is flashing while indicating the specific fault message.

For instruments with relay option the fault relay is activated additionally.

---- FAULT ----ADC NOT READY !

Fault - ADC Not Ready!

This indicates that there is a problem with the internal electronics. The AD Converter has failed.

Switch power supply for this unit off and on again. If the instrument still shows this message, switch off power supply for this unit and contact our service department for further instructions.

Fault - No Sensor!

NO SENSOR!

This message indicates that no sensor is or a sensor type not suitable for this instrument is fitted.

To eliminate the problem, insert an appropriate sensor. If the instrument is operated with a sensor extension, this fault message may also be caused by a bad connection. Make sure all connections are firmly attached.



Fault - Wrong Sensor!

This message indicates that the sensor installed is not the sensor assigned to this particular instrument.

To correct the problem, insert the sensor assigned and documented to this instrument. The data are stated in the test certificate provided with the shipment.



Fault - Replace Sensor!

This message indicates that the sensor presently installed is depleted (the warning CHECK SENSOR! has been ignored). To correct the problem, replace the old sensor immediately.

! This function is not available for instruments with oxygen sensor or catalytic sensor.

Fault - Extractive !



Only for instruments with Extractive Module.

This message indicates that there is a problem with the Extractive Module. Check power supply, sample tubing, sample tubing connections, and sample line filter. Perform any corrective action required.

If the message is still shown, please contact our service department for further instructions.

Fault - Pyrolyzer!



Only for instruments with Pyrolyzer Module.

This message indicates that there is a problem with the Pyrolyzer Module.

Please contact our service department for further instructions.

8.1 Sensor Order Information

Substance / Sensor		Part No Sensor			Unit	Note	Dust Filter allowed
AsH3	Arsine (3 El.)	9602-6004	0 1.	.00	ppm		Yes
AsH3	Arsine (2 El.)	9602-6000	0 1.	.00	ppm	1)	Yes
AsH3	Arsine (2 El.)	9602-6002	0 10	0.0	ppm	1)	Yes
B2H6	Diborane	9602-6202	0 1.	.00	ppm		Yes
Br2	Bromine	9602-6800	0 5.	.00	ppm		No
C4F6	Hexafluorobutadiene	9602-9732	0 50	0.0	ppm	3)	no data
C5F8	Octafluorocyclopentene	9602-9730	0 20	0.0	ppm	3)	no data
CH3F	Methyl Fluoride	9602-9720	0 0.	.500	% vol	3)	no data
CH4	Methane	9602-9900	0 10	00	% LEL	4)	no data
CI2:	Chlorine	9602-5300	0 5.	.00	ppm		Yes
CIF3	Chlorine Trifluoride	9602-7410	0 1.	.00	ppm		No
CIO2	Chlorine Dioxide	9602-7400	0 1.	.00	ppm		No
СО	Carbon Monoxide	9602-5400	0 50	00	ppm		Yes
COCI2	Phosgene	9602-6600	0 1.	.00	ppm		Yes
DCE 1,2	Di-chloro-ethylene 1,2	9602-9600	0 10	000	ppm	3)	no data
C2H4O	Ethylene Oxide	9602-8000	0 20	0.0	ppm		no data
F2	Fluorine	9602-6400	0 5.	.00	ppm		No
F2	Fluorine	9602-6401	0 30	0	ppm		No
GeH4	Germane	9602-6902	0 5.	.0	ppm		Yes
H2	Hydrogen (1%)	9602-5100	0 1.	.000	% vol		Yes
H2	Hydrogen (4 %)	9602-5101	0 4.	.00	% vol	2)	Yes
H2S	Hydrogen Sulfide	9602-5200	0 10	00	ppm		Yes
H2S	Hydrogen Sulfide (org.)	9602-5201	0 30	0.0	ppm	1)	Yes
H2Se	Hydrogen Selenide	9602-5601	0 5.	.00	ppm		No
HBr	Hydrogen Bromide	9602-7000	0 30	0.0	ppm		No
HCI	Hydrogen Chloride	9602-5800	0 30	0.0	ppm		No
HCN	Hydrogen Cyanide	9602-5700	0 30	0.0	ppm		No
HF	Hydrogen Fluoride	9602-6500	0 10	0.0	ppm		No
HMDS	Hexamethyldisilazane	9602-6714	0 50	00	ppm		Yes
HMDS	Hexamethyldisilazane	9602-6715	0 0.	.500	% vol		Yes
N2H4	Hydrazine	9602-7600	0 1.	.00	ppm		No
NF3	Nitrogen Trifluoride	9602-9700	0 50	0.0	ppm	3)	no data
NH3	Ammonia (100 ppm)	9602-6704	0 10	00	ppm		No
NH3	Ammonia (1000 ppm)	9602-6705	0 10	000	ppm	2)	No
NO	Nitric Oxide	9602-7200	0 2	50	ppm		Yes
NO2	Nitrogen Dioxide	9602-7300	0 2	5.0	ppm		Yes
O2	Oxygen	9602-5500	0 2	5.0	% vol		Yes
O3	Ozone	9602-7100	0 1.	.00	ppm		No
O3	Ozone	9602-7101	0 1.	.00	ppm	1)	No
PH3	Phosphine (3 El.)	9602-6102	0 1.	.00	ppm		Yes
PH3	Phosphine (2 El.)	9602-6100	0 1.	.00	ppm	1)	Yes
SF6	Sulfur Hexafluoride	9602-9710	0 0.	.500	% vol	3)	no data
SiH4	Silane	9602-6301	0 50	0.0	ppm		Yes
SO2	Sulfur Dioxide	9602-5900	0 2	5.0	ppm		Yes
TEOS	Tetraethyl Orthosilicate	9602-7500	0 10	00	ppm		No

Reference Information - Section 8

Substance / Sensor		Part No Sensor	Nominal Unit Range		Note	Dust Filter allowed	
TMB	Trimethyl borate	9602-7510	0	500	ppm		No
TMP	Trimethyl phosphite	9602-7800	0	30.0	ppm		Yes
	Notes:	1) Special application					
		2) Special range					
		3) Pyrolyzer Module required for detection					
		4) Only for use with Satellite XT C-versions					
		Further gases and ranges on request					

8.2 K-Factors for Satellite XT C-Versions

Catalytic sensors are calibrated for methane. When monitoring for other combustible gases, a correction factor must be entered; consult our local representative.

8.3 Spares and Accessories

Part Number	Description
9602.0050.10.03	Mounting Rail Standard
9602.0050.10.02	Mounting Plate DIN-Rail, Option
9602.0051.10.02	Mounting Plate L-shaped with DIN-Rail, Option
9602.0090.00.01	Sensor Extension, 2 meters
9602.0091.00.01	Sensor Extension, 3 meters
9602.0092.00.01	Sensor Extension, 1 meter
9602.0093.00.01	Sensor Extension Combustible Gases, 2 meters
9602.0094.00.01	Sensor Extension Combustible Gases 3 meters
0000 0005 40 00	Calibratian Can
9602.0095.40.00	Calibration Cap
9630-0146	PC Network Adapter PCLTA-21 TP/FT-10
9650-0540	PC LonTalk Adapter PCC-10 TP/FT 10 for notebook use
0000 0010	1 o zemany reapter 1 oo 10 11 /1 10 let netebook aso
9630-0423	Junction Box for max. 2 nodes
9630-0424	Junction Box for max. 6 nodes
9630-0505	Junction Box 1 node /R-Version
9630-0431	4-wire shielded cable, 2x2x1.0 mm ² , 100 m coil
9630-0441	Network Terminator for FTT-10
9630-0443	Network Terminator for FTT-10 Bus Topology
9660-0110	Relay Output Module for DIN-Rail Mounting
9660-0120	Supervisor Module for DIN-Rail Mounting
9660-0220	Digital Input Module for DIN-Rail Mounting
9660-0330	Analog Input Module for DIN-Rail Mounting
9660-0440	Programmable Logic Module
9675-0440	Router FTT-10 FTT-10, 24 VDC for DIN-Rail Mounting
9902-4000	Duct Mounting Saddle Assy, 4 inches
9902-4000	Duct Mounting Saddle Assy, 4 inches Duct Mounting Saddle Assy, 6 inches
9902-4010	Duct Mounting Saddle Assy, 8 inches
9902-4020	Duct Mounting Saddle Assy, 6 inches Duct Mounting Saddle Assy, 10 inches
9902-4030	Duct Mounting Saddle Assy, 10 inches Duct Mounting Saddle Assy, 12 inches
9902-4040	Duct Mounting Saddle Assy, 12 inches Duct Mounting Saddle Assy, 1,5 inches
9902-4110	Duct Mounting Saddle Assy, 1,5 inches Duct Mounting Saddle Assy, 2 inches
9902-4120	Duct Mounting Saddle Assy, 2 inches
9902-4130	Duct Mounting Saddle Assy, 2,5 inches Duct Mounting Saddle Assy, 3 inches
9902-4130	Duct Mounting Saddle (Assy), flat
JJU2-7200	Duot Mounting Gaddle (Assy), flat

8.4 Network Terminators

Network Terminators are designed to provide electrical termination for twisted pair channels. They are passive devices and do not require electrical power.

In a free topology FTT-10 segment, one Network Terminator type 9630-0441 is required and may be located anywhere on the segment.

In a bus topology FTT-10 channel, two Network Terminators type 9630-0443 are required, one located at each end of the bus.

Technical Specifications

NetworkStandardized LonTalk™ protocolwiring topologiesfree, e.g. Bus, Star, Loop, or mixed

Physical Dimensions

size 18 x 58 x 60 mm (W x H x D)

0.7" x 2.3" x 2.4" (W x H x D)

weight 40 g

1.4 oz

Mounting DIN rail Housing Protection Class IP 20

Operating Conditions

temperature -20 °C ... +50 °C

-4°F ... +122 °F

humidity 0 ... 95 % r.h.

Part Number

FTT-10 9630-0441 FTT-10 Bus Topology 9630-0443

8.5 Relay Output Module

The Relay Output Module is a generic unit interfacing with LONWORKS™ systems, that use a free topology wiring scheme supporting star, loop, and/or bus wiring.

The Relay Output Module contains four relays with SPDT contacts and one dedicated power loss relay with SPST contact for activation of external alarm devices.

The relays can be operated in either energized or deenergized condition. All relay states are indicated by LEDs.

Network configuration data is customer specific and is programmed into nonvolatile memory.

Technical Specifications

Power Requirements

voltage 12 ... 24 VDC consumption max. 1.9 W

Network Standardized LonTalk™ protocol

data transmission 78 kBit per second

wiring topologies free, e.g. Bus, Star, Loop, or mixed

Wiring 4-wire shielded cable 2x2x1.0 mm2 / 17 AWG

Relay Outputs

contacts 4 x SPDT (single-pole-double-throw)

1 x SPST (single-pole-single-throw)

max. ratings 250 VAC / 30 VDC, 8 A **Status Indication** 4 red relay state LEDs

1 green status LED 1 yellow service LED

Physical Dimensions

size 45 x 80 x 105 mm (W x H x D)

1.8" x 3.1" x 4.1" (W x H x D)

weight 220 g

7.8 oz

MountingDIN railHousing Protection ClassIP 20RFI / EMCEN 55022

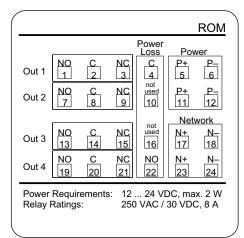
EN 61000-6-2

Operating Conditions

temperature 0 °C ... +40 °C

+32 °F ... +104 °F

humidity 20 ... 90 % r.h. **Part Number** 9660-0110



8.6 Supervisor Module

The Supervisor Module is designed to identify a fault condition within a subnet (max. 127 nodes) of a twisted pair LONWORKS™ network. Meaning one or more nodes on the subnet lose the ability to communicate, due to a bad node hardware or a broken wire. In the latter case, the Supervisor Module automatically restores communication by closing the relay bus switch and thus reconnecting the both sides of the open circuit. Either fault condition is indicated by individual fault relays and reported to an optional monitoring station.

The Supervisor Module contains four relays with SPDT contacts and one dedicated power loss relay with SPST contact for activation of external alarm devices.

The relays can be operated in either energized or deenergized condition. All relay states are indicated by LEDs. Network configuration data is customer specific and is programmed into nonvolatile memory.

Technical Specifications

Power Requirements

voltage 12 ... 24 VDC consumption max. 1.9 W

Network Standardized LonTalk™ protocol

data transmission 78 kBit per second

wiring topologies free, e.g. Bus, Star, Loop, or mixed

Wiring 4-wire shielded cable 2x2x1.0 mm² / 17 AWG

Relay Outputs

contacts 2 x SPDT: Bus Switch

1 x SPDT: Node Failure 1 x SPDT: Broken Wire 1 x SPST: Power Loss

(SPDT = single-pole-double-throw) (SPST = single-pole-single-throw)

max. ratings 250 VAC / 30 VDC, 8 A **Status Indication** 4 red relay state LEDs

1 green status LED

1 yellow service LED

Physical Dimensions

size 45 x 80 x 105 mm (W x H x D) 1.8" x 3.1" x 4.1" (W x H x D)

weight 220 g

7.8 oz

Mounting DIN rail
Housing Protection Class IP 20
RFI / EMC EN 55022

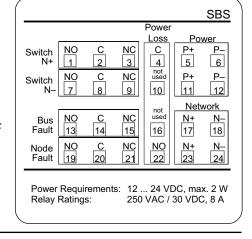
EN 61000-6-2

Operating Conditions

temperature 0 °C ... +40 °C

+32 °F ... +104 °F

humidity 20 ... 90 % r.h. **Part Number** 9660-0120



8.7 Digital Input Module

The Digital Input Module is a generic unit interfacing with LONWORKS™ systems, that use a free topology wiring scheme supporting star, loop, and/or bus wiring.

The Digital Input Module contains two groups of four optocoupler isolated digital inputs, each group with separate common signal ground. It is used for processing binary and digital values, e.g. switch signals.

All input states are indicated by LEDs. The module provides one dedicated power loss relay with SPST contact for activation of external alarm devices.

Network configuration data is customer specific and is programmed into nonvolatile memory.

Technical Specifications

Power Requirements

voltage 12 ... 24 VDC consumption max. 0.8 W

Network Standardized LonTalk™ protocol

data transmission 78 kBit per second

wiring topologies free, e.g. Bus, Star, Loop, or mixed

Wiring 4-wire shielded cable 2x2x1.0 mm² / 17 AWG

Digital Inputs

channels 8 (2 groups of 4) optocoupler isolated

input voltage High Level 12 ... 24 VDC

Low Level 0 ... 2 VDC

Status Indication 8 red input state LEDs

1 green status LED 1 yellow service LED

Relay Output

contact 1 x SPST (single-pole-single-throw)

max. ratings 250 VAC / 30 VDC, 8 A

Physical Dimensions

size 45 x 80 x 105 mm (W x H x D)

1.8" x 3.1" x 4.1" (W x H x D)

weight 190 g

6.7 oz

Mounting DIN rail

Housing Protection Class IP 20 RFI / EMC EN 55022

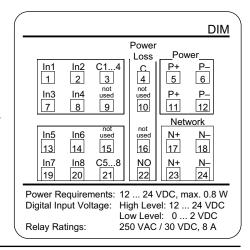
EN 61000-6-2

Operating Conditions

temperature 0 °C ... +40 °C

+32 °F ... +104 °F

humidity 20 ... 90 % r.h. **Part Number** 9660-0220



8-7

8.8 Analog Input Module

The Analog Input Module is a generic unit interfacing with LONWORKS™ systems, that use a free topology wiring scheme supporting star, loop, and/or bus wiring.

The Analog Input Module contains two isolated groups of each two analog input channels, for processing \pm 0-10 VDC or \pm 0-25 mA current signals. The analog inputs can be logically connected via a network to different input/output modules and data visualization software. For each channel the module offers two user-settable alarm levels and input scaling.

All states are indicated by LEDs. The module provides one dedicated power loss relay with SPST contact for activation of external alarm devices.

Network configuration data is customer specific and is programmed into nonvolatile memory.

Technical Specifications

Power Requirements

voltage 12 ... 24 VDC consumption typically 2 W

Network Standardized LonTalk™ protocol

data transmission 78 kBit per second

wiring topologies free, e.g. Bus, Star, Loop, or mixed

Wiring 4-wire shielded cable 2x2x1.0 mm² / 17 AWG

Analog Inputs

channels 2 isolated groups of each 2 inputs

with common signal ground

signal range \pm 0 - 10 VDC or \pm 0 - 25 mA resolution 14-bit, 10 samples per second

Status Indication 8 red input state LEDs

1 green status LED 1 yellow service LED

Relay Output

contact 1 x SPST (single-pole-single-throw)

max. ratings 250 VAC / 30 VDC, 8 A

Physical Dimensions

size 45 x 80 x 105 mm (W x H x D)

1.8" x 3.1" x 4.1" (W x H x D)

weight 200 g 7 oz

Mounting DIN rail
Housing Protection Class IP 20
RFI / EMC EN 55022

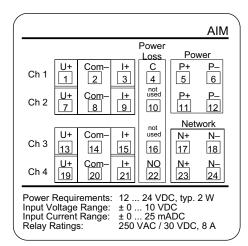
EN 61000-6-2

Operating Conditions

temperature 0 °C ... +40 °C

+32 °F ... +104 °F

humidity 20 ... 90 % r.h. **Part Number** 9660-0330



8.9 Router Modules

Router Modules connect two communication channels and route LonTalk™ messages between them. These modules interface two different twisted-pair channels, e.g. high speed backbone and a free topology channel. Additionally the routers are used to manage network traffic, increase the total number of nodes, or extend the maximum channel length.

All states are indicated by LEDs. The module provides one dedicated power loss relay with SPST contact for activation of external alarm devices.

Network configuration data is customer specific and is programmed into nonvolatile memory.

Technical Specifications

Power Requirements

voltage 12 ... 24 VDC consumption max. 1.2 W

Network Standardized LonTalk™ protocol

Wiring shielded 4-wire cable 2x2x1.0 mm² /17 AWG

Transceiver Types FTT-10A (78 kBit per second) channels TP/XF-1250 (1.25 MBit per second)

Status Indication 1 red network traffic LED

1 green status LED 2 yellow service LEDs

Relay Output

contact 1 x SPST (single-pole-single-throw)

max. ratings 250 VAC / 30 VDC, 8 A

Physical Dimensions

size 45 x 80 x 105 mm (W x H x D)

1.8" x 3.1" x 4.1" (W x H x D)

weight 220 g

7.8 oz

Mounting DIN rail
Housing Protection Class IP 20
RFI / EMC EN 55022

EN 61000-6-2

Operating Conditions

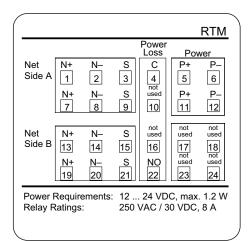
temperature 0 °C ... +40 °C

+32 °F ... +104 °F

humidity 20 ... 90 % r.h.

Part Number

FTT-10 FTT-10 9675-0440



9.1 Principle of Operation

The Extractive Module XT is an add-on module for use in combination with the Satellite XT. It enables for keeping hazardous, difficult to reach, or otherwise inaccessible areas under continuous surveillance. It is capable of sampling areas up to 50 m away. Power is supplied via the Satellite XT. Status information is provided by the Satellite XT that provides the digital interface as well.

The module contains a diagnosis for electronics and pump. The correct gas flow is factory set and saved in the instrument. If there is a problem with the Extractive Module XT, the display of the Satellite XT shows the fault message FAULT EXTRACTIVE. For information on fault messages and instructions on how to correct a fault condition, please refer to Section 7, Troubleshooting.

9.2 General Instructions

Listed hereafter several aspects that should be reflected when locating monitoring point and instrument. When placing the sampling point , the property (lighter or heavier than air) of the target gas must be considered. The instrument should be mounted as close to the monitoring location as possible to minimize sample transport time. The area immediately surrounding the sample inlet at the monitoring point must be free from objects that might hinder free flow of air. The instrument should be installed away from any possible liquid sources, extreme dust and dirt sources and should be protected against rain and sunlight.

The sample line should be run as direct as possible to improve transport time. Avoid running the sample line through areas of great temperature extremes. The sample outlet must be connected to an exhaust line and must be properly vented. Both, sample and exhaust tubing must not be crimped or placed in an area where weight could collapse the tubing.

Dust may be a result of construction as well as manufacturing activities. If unusual quantities of dust are expected at the monitoring location, an appropriate filter for the sample line must be installed. The use of a dust filter depends on the target gas, refer to the table Sensor Order Information in Section 8, Reference Information, or contact our service department.

As excess amounts of dirt in the filters will reduce the sample flow and will thus affect con centration readings of the instrument, make sure to regularly change sample line filters (every 1 to 6 months, depending on the ambient conditions). For order information refer to Section 8, Reference Information, Spares and Accessories.

Moisture may occur as rain entering a line at an outdoor sampling location or as condensation from outdoor-to-indoor temperature fluctuations. In case of unusual quantities of moisture, appropriate steps must be taken to protect the instrument; consult us for respective assistance.

9.3 Safety Instructions

Never use compressed air to clean the tubing while it is connected to the instrument.

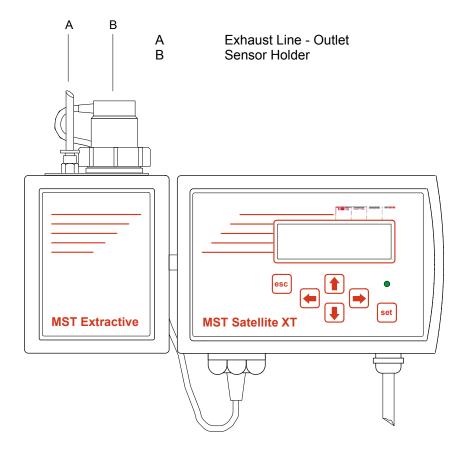
Use isopropanol and a soft cloth to clean the housing. Do not use any aggressive detergents.

! Note:

To extend an existing Satellite XT to an extractive system, please contact our service department. This modification makes it necessary to open the housing of the Satellite XT, which is only allowed for authorized persons.

9.4 Instrument Design

Front View showing Extractive Module XT connected to Satellite XT.



Extractive Module XT - Section 9

Side View (left) A Exhaust Line - Outlet

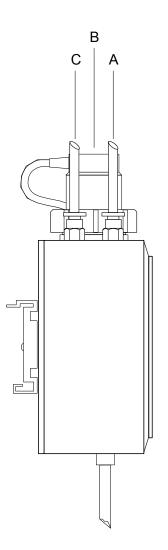
B Sensor Holder

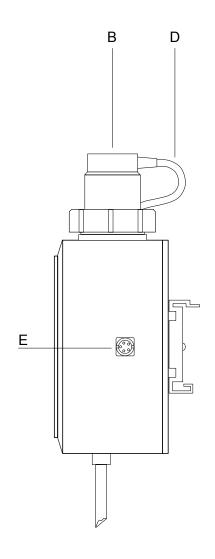
C Sample Line - Gas Inlet

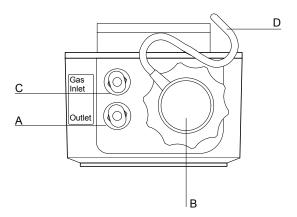
Side View (right) B Sensor Holder

D Sensor Connection to Satellite XT

E Connection Extractive Module XT and Satellite XT







Top View (only Extractive Module XT) A Exhaust Line - Outlet

B Sensor Holder

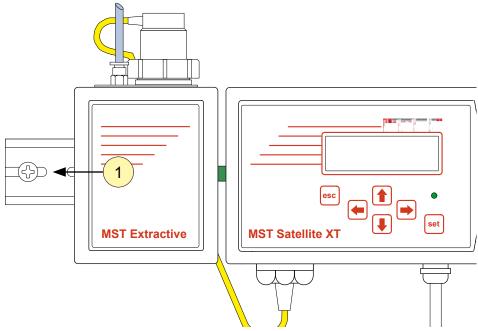
C Sample Line - Gas Inlet

D Sensor Connection to Satellite XT

9.5 Mounting

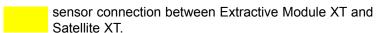
The Extractive Module XT is prepared for DIN-rail mounting. An appropriate mounting rail is delivered with the instrument, which allows mounting the Extractive Module XT and the Satellite XT side by side.

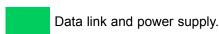
Mount this rail to a wall with the appropriate fasteners and slide both modules onto it. Plug in male and female connector of Satellite XT and Extractive Module XT.



Module Connections







9.6 Tubing Connections

Tubing material is PTFE or PFA with an outer diameter of 1/4" and an inner diameter of 3/16". Length and inner diameter of the sample line will affect the response time. Length of the sample lines should be kept as short as possible. With a sample line ID of 3/16" (4.7 mm) and a length of 10 m, the delay in response does not exceed 30 seconds.

Sample Line Inlet

The fitting for connecting the sample line inlet is located on top of the housing and marked "Gas Inlet". Improper installation of the sample inlet tube may result in dilution or even complete loss of the sample.

Exhaust Line Outlet

The fitting for connection of the exhaust line outlet is located on top of the instrument and marked "Outlet". Since hazardous gas concentrations may still be present at the exhaust line outlet, it is recommended to connect the exhaust line to an exhaust duct.

Note:

If the pump is operated at the maximum sample line distance of 50 m, the maximum exhaust line length is 25 m to avoid flow failure due to back pressure in the pump.

Note:

Do not apply power until the system is ready for start-up.

9.7 Sensor Replacement

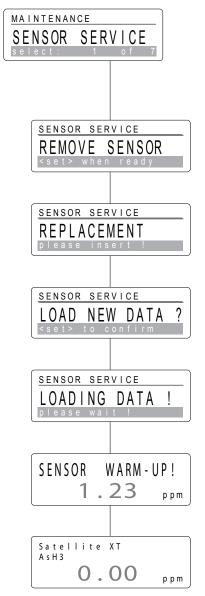
This procedure is used to replace a depleted sensor by a fresh sensor. The replacement sensor must have the same part number as the installed sensor. Press the <esc> key on the Satellite XT keypad and enter the password to exit the Monitoring Mode. The green status LED of the Satellite XT is off, the instrument is not monitoring. A maintenance message is transmitted to the communication network.

Go to the Maintenance Menu and press the <set> key to enter.

Go to the submenu Sensor Service and press the <set> key to enter.

Follow the dialogue displayed at the bottom line of the screen - Figure 1.

Figure 1



<REMOVE SENSOR>

Unscrew the gland nut (F) to remove the sensor holder (B) from the flow adapter of the Extractive Module XT - Figure 2. Remove the installed sensor (G) - Figure 3.

Press the <set> key to continue.

Unpack the replacement sensor and remove shorting device from the sensor plug, where necessary.

<REPLACEMENT>

Insert the new sensor (G) into the socket inside the sensor holder, aligning nose of the socket, groove of the sensor, and the arrow printed on the sensor label - Figure 4.

Insert the sensor holder (B) with the replacement sensor installed into the flow adapter of the instrument and fasten the gland nut (F) - Figure 5.

Press the <set> key to continue.

<LOAD NEW DATA ?>

If you want the data of the new sensor to be loaded, confirm this message by pressing the <set> key.

<LOADING DATA!>

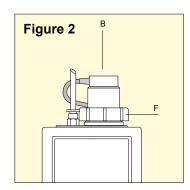
The instrument is now loading the new data from the sensor into the unit's internal memory.

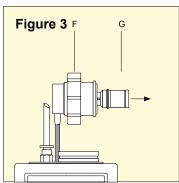
<SENSOR WARM-UP>

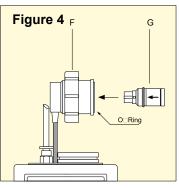
A sensor warm-up is performed and the display of the Satellite XT shows the according message, until the displayed value is zero. The warm-up time required depends on the type of sensor.

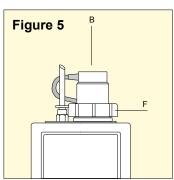
After the sensor warm-up, the instrument will automatically switch to the Monitoring Mode.

The Sensor Service procedure is also described in Section 4. Maintenance.









9.8 **Technical Specifications**

Power Requirements

Voltage power is provided by the Satellite XT,

power supply range 18 - 24 VDC

max. 2.4 W Consumption

Physical Dimensions

Size 78 x 95,5 x 50 mm $(W \times H \times D)$

> 3,1" x 3,8" x 2,0" $(W \times H \times D)$

Weight 500 g

17.6 oz

IP 30 **Housing Protection Class**

RFI / EMC EN 50270

Operating Conditions

Sample tubing OD 1/4" ID 3/16" PTFE or PFA

Response time < 30 sec. with a tubing length of 10m

0 °C ... +40 °C Temperature

+32 °F ... +104 °F

700 ... 1300 hPa Pressure 20 ... 90 % r.h. Humidity

Maximum negative pressure (at -150mbar

pump)

Maximum sample line length 50 m (see note in section 9.6)

Recommended sample

line length

10 m

Part Number

version for toxic/corrosive gases 20404-0200

(except C₅F₈ and SF₆)

version for combustible gases 20404-0250 20404-0300 version for C₅F₈ and SF₆

Warning:

Extractive Module 20404-0200 must only be used with Pyrolyzer Modules 20408-0110, 20408-0112, 20408-0116 and 20408-0122. Extractive Module 20404-0300 must only be used with Pyrolyzer Modules 20408-0114 and 20408-0120.

10.1 Principle of Operation

The Pyrolyzer Module XT is an add-on module for monitoring gases requiring pyrolytic sample preparation for detectability. It requires both, a Satellite XT and an Extractive Module XT. The connected Satellite XT displays the module's status of operation and provides the digital interface.

Each instrument is only configured for monitoring the substance specified on the identification label. The instrument is delivered with a certain sensor installed. Reference for assignment of instrument and sensor is the serial number. These data are also documented in the Certificate of Quality Control provided with the shipment. Instrument and sensor have been gas calibrated and these specific calibration parameters are stored in the integrated data memory of sensor and instrument.

Make sure to use only sensors for the substance specified on the module's identification label. Use only sensors designed for use with the Pyrolyzer Module XT.

The Pyrolyzer Module XT is powered by a wide range power supply. The module contains a diagnosis for electronics and filament. The filament voltage is factory set and saved in the instrument. If there is a problem with the Pyrolyzer Module XT, the display of the Satellite XT reads FAULT PYROLYZER. Information on fault messages and instructions on how to correct a fault condition, are provided in Section 7, Troubleshooting.

10.2 General Instructions

Listed hereafter are several aspects that should be reflected when locating monitoring point and instrument. When placing the sampling point, the property (lighter or heavier than air) of the target gas must be considered. The instrument should be mounted as close to the monitoring location as possible to minimize sample transport time. The area immediately surrounding the sample inlet at the monitoring point must be free from objects that might hinder free flow of air. The instrument should be installed away from any possible liquid sources, extreme dust and dirt sources and should be protected against rain and sunlight.

The instrument must be mounted in an upright position. The ventilation apertures on top and rear of the the housing must not be covered. The instrument must be easily accessable for operation and there must be sufficient space above the instrument to allow sensor replacement or to open the housing for maintenance purposes.

The sample line should be run as direct as possible to improve transport time. Avoid running the sample line through areas of great temperature extremes. The sample outlet must be connected to an exhaust line and must be properly vented. Both, sample and exhaust tubing must not be crimped or placed in an area where weight could collapse the tubing.

10.3 Safety Instructions

Always disconnect the Pyrolyzer Module XT from mains power before you open the housing.

The vents on top and rear of the instrument must not be covered. Do not enter any tapered or sharp items into the vents.

Use isopropanol and a soft cloth to clean the housing. Do not use any aggressive detergents.

Never use compressed air to clean the tubing when connected to the instrument. This will destroy the internal pressure switch.

WARNING: The Pyrolyzer Module XT will not respond to the target gas in conditions of less than 20 % r.h. Observe the specified operating conditions for humidity.

10.4 Instrument Design

The Pyrolyzer Module XT can only be operated in combination with the Satellite XT and the Extractive Module XT. All three modules are prepared for DIN-rail assembly.

Figure 1: Side view of the Pyrolyzer Module only.

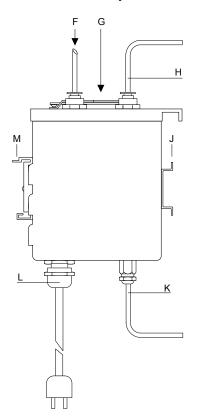


Figure 2: Front view of the complete assembly Pyrolyzer Module, Extractive Module, and Satellite XT.

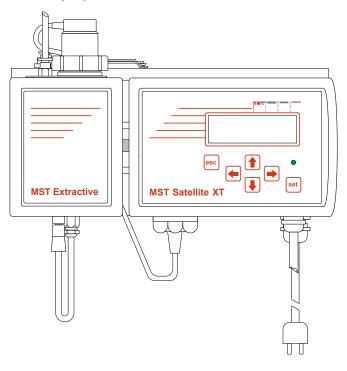
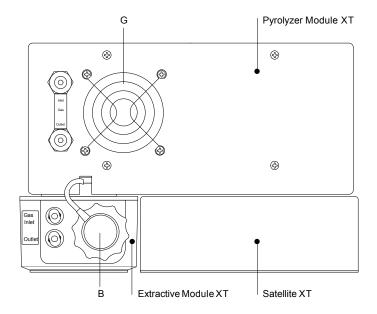


Figure 3: Top View of the complete assembly



- **B Sensor Holder**
- F Sample Line Inlet
- **G** Vent
- **H Sample Line connection to Extractive Module XT**
- J DIN-rail
- K Data Link Pyrolyzer Module XT to Extractive Module XT
- L Power Fitting
- M Adapter for DIN-rail

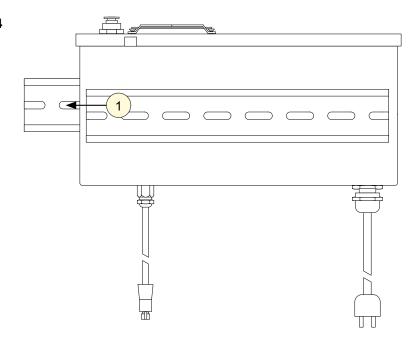
10.5 Mounting

The Pyrolyzer Module XT is prepared for DIN-rail assembly. An appropriate mounting rail is delivered with the instrument. Mount this rail to a flat surface with the appropriate fasteners.

When the rail is mounted, follow the steps below:

1. Slide the Pyrolyzer Module XT onto the rail mounted to the wall, see Figure 4.

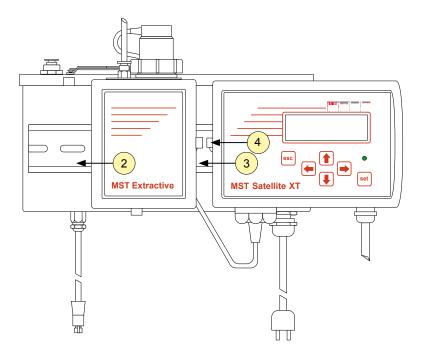
Figure 4



- 2. Slide the Extractive Module XT onto the rail at the front of the Pyrolyzer Module XT, see Figure 5.
- 3. Slide the Satellite XT onto the rail at the front of the Pyrolyzer Module XT, as illustrated in Figure 5.
- 4. Plug in male and female connector of Satellite XT and Extractive Module XT.

See also Section 9, Extractive Module XT Installation.

Figure 5



10.6 Tubing Connections

Tubing material is PTFE or PFA with an outer diameter of 1/4" and an inner diameter of 3/16". Length and inner diameter of the sample line will affect the response time. Length of the sample lines should be kept as short as possible. With a sample line ID of 3/16" (4.7 mm) and a length of 10 m, the delay in response does not exceed 30 seconds.

Moisture may occur either as rain entering a line at an outdoor sampling location or as condensation from outdoor-to-indoor temperature fluctuations. In case of unusual quantities of moisture, appropriate steps must be taken to protect the instrument; consult us for respective assistance.

Sample Line Inlet

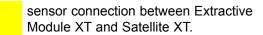
The fitting for connecting the sample line inlet is located on top of the housing and marked "Inlet". Improper installation of the sample inlet tube may result in dilution or even complete loss of sample.

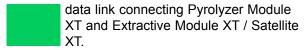
Sample Line Filter

Dust may be a result of construction as well as manufacturing activities. If unusual quantities of dust are expected at the monitoring location, an appropriate filter for the sample line must be installed. The use of a dust filter depends on the target gas, refer to the table Sensor Order Information in Section 8, Reference Information, or contact our service department. As excess amounts of dirt in the filters will reduce the sample flow and will thus affect concentration readings of the instrument, make sure to regularly change sample line filters (every 1 to 6 months, depending on the ambient conditions). For order information refer to Section 8, Reference Information, Spares and Accessories.

Module Connections





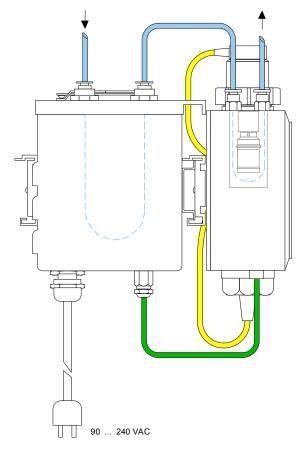


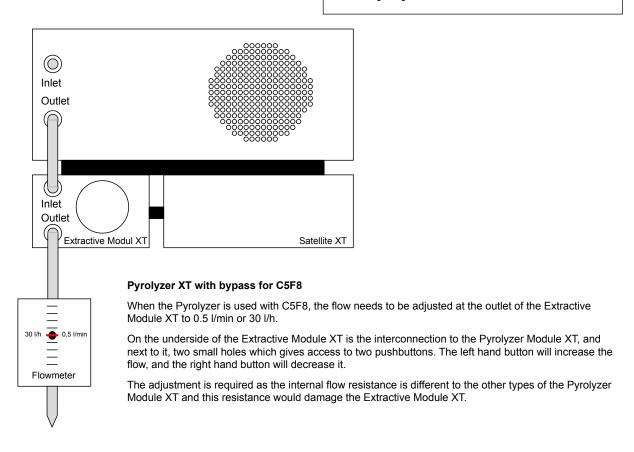
10.7 Data Link

Plug the cable (pictured green) from the bottom plate of the Pyrolyzer Module into the connector in the bottom of the Extractive Module XT.

10.8 Power Connection

Use a standard power cable (obey any local regulations) and bring it through the power cable fitting into the module. Open the module from the top and connect





10.9 Technical Specifications

Power requirements

Voltage 90 ... 240 VAC

Consumption approx. 22 W / 2.13 A

Physical dimensions

Size: 223 x 97 x 100 mm (W x H x D)

8,8" x 3,8" x 3,9" (W x H x D)

Weight: 1800 g

4 lbs

Housing Protection Class IP 30

RFI / EMC EN 61010-1

EN 50270

Operating Conditions

Sample tubing OD 1/4" ID 3/16"

Response time < 30 sec. with a tubing length of 10m

Temperature 0 °C ... +40 °C

+32 °F ... +104 °F

Pressure 700 ... 1300 hPa Humidity 20 ... 90 % r.h.

Note: For applications where the humidity is less than 20 % r.h., consider using the MST Sample Conditioning System - Humidifier, part number 20408-4010.

Minimum Oxygen content of sample 3 %v/v

Part Numbers

Pyrolyzer Module XT NF3	20408-0110
Pyrolyzer Module XT 1,2-DCE	20408-0112
Pyrolyzer Module XT SF6	20408-0114
Pyrolyzer Module XT CH3F	20408-0116
Pyrolyzer Module XT C5F8	20408-0120
Pyrolyzer Module XT C4F6	20408-0122

Warning:

Pyrolyzer Modules 20408-0110, 20408-0112, 20408-0116 and 20408-0122 must only be used with Extractive Module 20404-0200.

Pyrolyzer Modules 20408-0114 and 20408-0120 must only be used with

Extractive Module 20404-0300.